1997-98 Louisiana Progress Profiles District Composite Report

Ascension Parish

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Prepared by the Louisiana Department of Education Office of Management and Finance Division of Planning, Analysis, and Information Resources

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Cecil J. Picard State Superintendent of Education

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The passage of the Children First Act in 1988 ushered in a new generation of analysis and research about the overall quality and condition of education in Louisiana. As the national reform of education continues to evolve, Louisiana is steadfast in its commitment to quality education and school accountability.

Progress Profiles (School Report Cards, District Composite Reports, and the State Report) provide information about schools to parents and the general public, provide a basis for educational planning, and increase educational accountability at all levels. By providing policy makers, parents, and other interested citizens valuable information on the inputs, processes, and outcomes of public education, these documents also offer a valuable resource for advancing school improvement.

The Progress Profiles Program, which is administered by the Louisiana Department of Education (LDE), Office of Management and Finance, Division of Planning, Analysis and Information Resources, was founded on the premise that educational improvement is most successful when parents, school staff, and policy makers have access to accurate information on a wide range of factors believed to influence student learning. The indicators included in the *Progress Profiles* were carefully selected because they:

- have been demonstrated through school effectiveness research to be related to student learning;
- represent key features of schooling that can be influenced by parents, school staff, and policy makers, and thus are useful for school improvement purposes; and
- yield the maximum amount of accurate and essential information possible without posing undue reporting burdens at either the school or district level.

To offer the most comprehensive overview possible and serve the specific needs of varied audiences, three levels of reporting are provided.

- 1. *School Report Cards* are tailored to the needs of parents and the general public. For 1997-98, *School Report Cards* were produced for **1,414 of 1,445** public elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination schools statewide.
- 2. District Composite Reports are produced for all 66 Louisiana public school districts. The most detailed and comprehensive of the three levels of reporting, these reports offer local and state-level policy makers longitudinal data.
- 3. The *Louisiana Progress Profiles State Report* is best suited to the needs of the general reader because it provides a succinct overview of the major characteristics of Louisiana education based on *School Report Card* findings.

"Any effort to improve schools must be designed to meet the goal of creating an active, thinking curriculum in specific disciplines, and success should be judged by whether increasing numbers of students reach agreed-upon performance standards."

—Bill Honig

Phi Delta Kappan, June 1994

Purpose of the District Composite Report

The purpose of the *District Composite Report* is to provide information relevant to the condition of education in Louisiana. This report provides detailed longitudinal information on various indicators as well as analysis of data where feasible. It serves as an effective tool to aid policy makers and district administrators in identifying opportunities for school improvement.

Organization of this Report

The summary tables following this introduction offer district-level information for all indicators. In addition to quick-reference tables at the front of this report, district socioeconomic and demographic data are provided to aid readers. Financial information is included to give a more complete picture of Louisiana school districts.

The remainder of the report is organized into five parts, each encompassing a series of related educational indicators.

- Part 1. District Summary. School performance is influenced by community socioeconomic characteristics and by the level of local financial support for public education. Part 1 therefore presents parish (as opposed to district) demographic and socioeconomic indicators ranging from household income distribution and teen pregnancy rate to district revenue, expenditures, and average teacher salaries. District summary tables of all *Profile* indicators also are provided in Part 1.
- Part 2. School Characteristics. The context within which students are educated and the level of educational resources available to them impact learning. Part 2 focuses on key educational "inputs" and resources at the school level, i.e., the size of the student body and faculty, the school's category (e.g., elementary schools, middle schools, etc.), class sizes, and the academic preparation of faculty.
- Part 3. Student Participation. For students to receive an education, they must first have the opportunity to learn; thus, the extent to which students are present and actively engaged in schooling is of vital importance (Oakes, 1989). Part 3 presents

- three indicators that provide some measure of student participation: attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts.
- Part 4. Student Achievement. Part 4 reports three types of school-level outputs: student performance on 1) reading level evaluation results for grades 2 and 3, which assess students' ability to read and comprehend on grade level, 2) criterionreferenced tests (CRTs), which measure students' performance on state-prescribed curricula, and 3) norm-referenced tests (NRTs), which indicate how Louisiana students compare with other students nationally. The Reading Level Evaluation Results reported on the School Report Cards are based on the assessment conducted on second and third grade students by their teachers at each profile school. The CRT results reported on the School Report Cards are based on student performance on Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) tests administered at the third, fifth, and seventh grade levels and on the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), which is administered in grades 10 and 11. The NRT results, which are also part of LEAP, reflect student performance utilizing two tests: 1) The Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS) which is administered for grades 4, 6, and 8, and 2) The Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED) which is administered for grades 9, 10, and 11.
- Part 5. College Readiness. One goal of elementary-secondary schooling is to ensure that those students seeking an advanced education are adequately prepared for college. The School Report Cards present two indicators of college readiness:

 1) student performance on the American College Test (ACT), a national test commonly used for college placement purposes, and 2) the percentage of high school graduates who take remedial courses as first-time college freshmen.

A brief narrative, organized as follows introduces each indicator presented in this report:

• an introduction to the indicator and its significance in the study and/or promotion of student learning;

- a description of how data are organized in the accompanying table(s);
- a description of how data appear in the School Report Cards:
- definitions of key terms, where applicable;
- formulas/equations used to calculate statistics, where applicable; and
- the source(s) of the data presented.

A glossary at the end of this report provides operational definitions for key terms.

School Categorization

The mission, organizational structure, and outcomes of schooling vary depending on the level of instruction (i.e., elementary, middle, etc.) (Levine & Lezotte, 1990). In recognition of this, the Profiles Program began in 1993-94 to group schools into four reporting categories based on level of schooling: elementary, middle/junior high, high, and combination (i.e., K-12).

Category comparison statistics are presented by district and for the state as a whole for those indicators that are not reported by grade level; these include class size, attendance, suspension, and expulsion. This homogeneous grouping of schools by level of instruction fosters probably the fairest comparisons; however, district and statewide comparison statistics also are provided.

<u>Note:</u> Category comparison statistics are provided for only those indicators that are reported at the school level. There are no category statistics for the testing and dropout indicators, which are reported by grade level and therefore have even greater comparability than those performance data that are reported by category.

All schools receiving 1997-98 School Report Cards are placed into one of four categories:

- *elementary*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-8 range, excludes grades in the 9-12 range, and does not fit the definition for middle/junior high.
- *middle/junior high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 4-9 range, includes grades 7 or 8, and excludes grades in the K-3 and 10-12 ranges.
- *high*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 6-12 range and includes grades in the 10-12 range, or any school that contains only grade 9.
- *combination*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-12 range and is not described by any of the above definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and some grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade structures such as K-12; K-3, 9-12; and 4-6, 9-12.

If a school has been re-categorized due to a change in grade structure, that school's longitudinal data will appear in more than one category. For example, if Central High School had grades 9-12 from 1990-91 through 1992-93, its longitudinal data for those years would appear in the high school category. If Central High School became a K-12 school in 1993-94, its data in 1993-94 and thereafter would appear in the combination school category.

As a convenience to readers, the data tables that are organized by category are cross-referenced. In the above example, the high school category data would refer readers interested in Central High's longitudinal performance to the combination category data and vice versa.

Demographic Indicators Associated With Educational Attainment

Research has shown that demographic and socioeconomic variables affect student achievement. An analysis of the background characteristics of the student population places the school performance indicators in their broader context and helps shed light on the degree of difficulty that certain school districts or states experience in educating their particular student populations. In other

words, inclusion of the demographic indicators in Part 1 provides a context for interpretation of the outcomes.

The *District Composite Report* presents the following socioeconomic and demographic information at the parish (not district), state and national levels:

- education attainment,
- labor force breakdown,
- unemployment rate,
- per capita income,
- household income distribution,
- population by race,
- single parent households,
- all persons living below the poverty level, and
- teen pregnancy rate.

The data are supplied by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, and Northeast Louisiana University Center for Business and Economic Research.

District Financial Overview

There are many factors which contribute to the overall profile of a school district. Financial information is one of the vital factors which are part of that profile. Inclusion of this information in Part 1 helps the reader understand how a public school district functions, and it provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators.

Longitudinal Analysis: Tracking School Progress Over Time

By law, the Progress Profiles Program is required to present six years of data (the current year and the five previous years). These longitudinal school-level data are presented in the *District Composite*

Report. Each year, the Composite Reports are updated by adding the most current year's data and deleting the data that are more than six years old. The School Report Cards and Progress Profiles State Report, on the other hand, present only the most current year of data so that parents and policy makers who want a very concise and current snapshot of education performance need not wade through voluminous amounts of information.

Incorporating longitudinal data in the *District Composite Report* enables policy makers to anticipate changes in educational outcomes, not just describe them (Smith, 1988). However, longitudinal reporting does complicate the presentation of data. To assist policy makers in interpreting data, tables in the *District Composite Report* have been formatted as follows:

- 1. Cross-sectional data (i.e., for any given year) are presented vertically in columns. School-to-school comparisons can be made within any given year by scanning up and down columns.
- 2. Longitudinal data are presented horizontally in rows. An individual school's progress on any single variable can be charted over time by scanning left-to-right across columns.
- 3. Schools are listed in *sequential order*, based on school site code and school category.
- 4. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data are shaded as a reminder that 1995-96 was the first year that *Progress Profiles* data were extracted from the Student Information System (SIS), establishing a new baseline year for *Profiles* reporting purposes. **Comparisons between the 1995-96** and subsequent years to previous years' data are strongly discouraged (see box on next page).

All longitudinal tracking of individual schools should be conducted with caution. Because schools, like other organizations, are constantly evolving, a school's name and/or grade configuration may change over time. Such changes may or may not signal a major change in the character of the school.

To facilitate longitudinal tracking of individual schools, the six-digit site codes that the LDE assigns to all public schools have been included in all tables. Barring a major change in grade structure at a school, these site codes remain constant over time and therefore are much more reliable identifiers than the school name itself.

In some instances, longitudinal data on a specific indicator are not available for every site due to school openings, closings, and/or reorganizations. Occasionally, an entire indicator may be added. For example, first-time college freshmen data were added to the *School Report Cards* in 1992-93. In instances such as these, the tilde symbol (~) represents "unavailable data."

Data sometimes are not strictly comparable from one year to the next due to changes in reporting periods, data sources, and/or revisions in indicator definitions. In these instances, the data are footnoted to alert the reader to use caution in drawing longitudinal comparisons.

1995-96 Was A New Baseline Year Comparisons With Prior Years Data Are Strongly Discouraged

Special caution is urged in comparing 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 performance information to data from prior years because the Progress Profiles Program underwent two major changes in 1995.

- 1. All 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 Student Participation data (i.e., attendance, suspensions/expulsions, and dropouts), some School Characteristics data (i.e., October 1 membership), and some College Readiness data (i.e., graduates) were taken from the student-level Student Information System (SIS). The SIS data are much more detailed and more precisely defined than the aggregated data collected in prior years. They are not comparable, however, to the school summary data reported prior to 1995-96.
- 2. All Student Participation indicators and most Achievement Indicators (i.e., norm- and criterionreferenced test results) have been expanded to include both regular and special education students. In previous years, these indicators were limited to regular education students.

As a special caution to readers, the columns of 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data are shaded. Data from prior years are presented only for the convenience of readers whose information needs are more historical than comparative.

The Challenge: Accurate and Reliable Reporting

Measurement is a process involving both theoretical as well as empirical considerations. Most assuredly, research based on the inadequate measurement of indicators does not result in a greater understanding of the particular indicator (Carmines and Zeller, 1979). Though it is widely recognized that the best educational policy is made when officials have access to accurate information, the use of inaccurate or unreliable data is more dangerous than no information at all. Recognizing this, every effort has been made to ensure the reliability and validity of the data reported on the *Progress Profiles*. Toward that end, LDE and district staff examine each indicator through a meticulous data correction and verification process.

The Progress Profiles Program has grown substantially over the past several years. The LDE has executed an elaborate process for data verification and analysis to ensure that quality is an intrinsic part of each *Progress Profiles* report.

Satisfying the Need for Analysis

Though all states have some form of educational performance indicator system, the criticism is often heard that too few do anything with the data. "The missing ingredient in most education indicator systems is analysis," notes Allen Odden. "Analysis is critical; it makes sense of the data, explores relationships among the inputs, processes, and outputs of the educational system, and makes policy recommendations for change" (Odden, 1990).

In keeping with national trends toward supplementing educational indicator systems with policy-relevant analysis, LDE staff research the relationships among various *School Report Card* indicators and explore their utility as predictors of student performance. The results of some analyses are presented in shaded boxes accompanying the narrative introduction to each indicator.

References

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LDE research offers statistical support for what teachers and other educators have long assumed: schools that display the highest level of student achievement are schools with a high percentage of student attendance, a low percentage of students suspended, and a low percentage of student dropouts (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Part 1. District Summary

Parish Socioeconomic And Demographic Overview	. 1-1
District Financial Overview	. 1-3

The socioeconomic and demographic composition of the parish may shed light on household situations and thus the educational system of a school district. Issues such as income, poverty rate, single parent households, and teen pregnancy affect family function, which is strongly linked to achievement. This section examines state- and national-level information for each parish socioeconomic and demographic indicator presented.

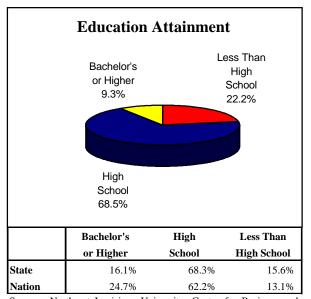
Definitions

- *Education Attainment*—is divided into three levels:
 - 1. <u>Less than high school degree</u>: includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who are not enrolled in school and are not high school graduates.
 - 2. <u>High school degree</u>: includes persons whose highest degree is a high school diploma or its equivalent and those who have attempted some college or have received an associate degree. Persons who completed the twelfth grade but did not receive a diploma are not included.
 - 3. <u>Bachelor's degree or higher</u>: includes those persons who have received a college, university, or professional degree.
- Labor Force—is divided into four categories:
 - 1. White collar: includes persons with executive, administrative, and managerial occupations; professional specialty occupations; technicians and related support occupations; sales occupations; and administrative support occupations, including clerical.
 - 2. <u>Blue collar</u>: includes persons with precision production, craft, and repair occupations; transportation and material moving occupations; positions held by machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors; and positions held by handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.
 - 3. <u>Service & Other</u>: includes persons with private household occupations, protective service occupations, and other service occupations.

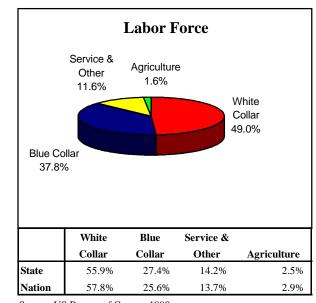
- 4. <u>Agriculture</u>: includes persons who perform farming, forestry, and fishing industry jobs.
- *Household Income Distribution*—is divided into seven major groups. The annual income range begins with below \$15,000 and ends with \$100,000 and above.
- Population by Race—is divided into three major groups, white, black, and "other." The "other" category consists of Native Americans and Asian/Pacific Islanders. It should be noted that, according to the 1990 Bureau of Census data, Hispanic origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race and are therefore included in the categories of white, black, and "other."
- *Single Parent Household Rate*—is the number of single parent households divided by the total number of households.
- Poverty Threshold—is revised to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. According to the 1990 Bureau of the Census data, the average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674.
- *Teen Pregnancy Rate*—is the total number of teenage girls under the age of 19 divided by the total number of pregnant women.
- *Per capita income*—is the average income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. The Census Bureau derived per capita income by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group (excluding patients or inmates in institutional quarters).
- Unemployment rate—is the total number of persons not working, who are available and seeking work, regardless of age, as a percentage of the civilian labor force. This is considered the official unemployment rate and is typically cited in comparisons.

Ascension Parish Socioeconomic and Demographic Overview

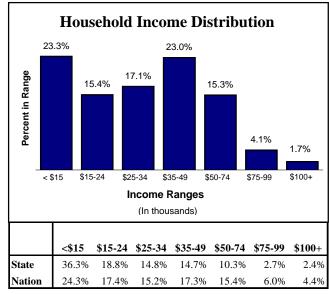
As each school district works toward its educational vision and goals, social and economic factors within the parish may directly or indirectly affect the educational experience of students. An overview of the relevant demographic and socioeconomic profile of each parish places the education indicator data presented in this report in the proper context. These data provide a socioeconomic and demographic profile of the parish as a whole, not the public school district. In preparing this section, every effort was made to obtain the most recent data available for each indicator.



Sources: Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and Economic Research and NCES, 1995.



Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.



Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

Population by Race
Other
0.8%
Black 22.8%
White
76.4%

	White	Black	Other
State	67.3%	30.8%	1.9%
Nation	83.9%	12.3%	3.8%

Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

Poverty Level					
	Parish	State	Nation		
All Persons Living Below Poverty Level	18.5%	23.6%	15.7%		

Source: Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and Economic Research, 1993.

Single Parenthood				
	Parish	State	Nation	
Single Parent Households	16.8%	19.1%	14.8%	

Source: US Bureau of Census, 1990.

Labor Related Statistics						
	Parish	State	Nation			
Per Capita Income 1	\$20,711	\$19,709	\$24,436			
Unemployment Rate ²	5.7%	6.6%	5.4%			

Sources: 1) Northeast Louisiana University, Center for Business and Economic Research, 1996. 2) Bureau of Labor and Statistics, US. Dept of Labor, 1996.

Teen Pregnancy				
	Parish	State	Nation	
Teen Pregnancy Rate	15.0%	18.9%	12.9%	

Source: Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals, 1996.

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Financial information broadens the understanding of how public school districts function and provides additional context for the interpretation of educational indicators. The two major components of the financial information are revenues and expenditures.

Definitions

- Revenues—are governmental funds appropriated for public education. Revenues are received from four main sources:
 - Local: monies collected directly by a district through taxes (ad valorem, sales, and use taxes), bonds, revenues from other local government units, tuition, transportation fees, earnings of investments, food service, and community service.
 - 2. <u>State</u>: monies received from the state government through Louisiana's Minimum Foundation Program (MFP) formula, grants-in-aid, and specific programs such as the Early Childhood Program.
 - 3. <u>Federal</u>: monies received from the federal government through a variety of programs such as Title I, Impact Aid Fund, Reserve Officer Training Corps Program (ROTC), Headstart Programs, School Food Service, Adult Basic Education, and Special Education.
 - 4. <u>District revenues per pupil</u>: total revenues divided by the adjusted October 1 funded student membership.
- Expenditures—are charges incurred, whether paid or unpaid, which benefit the current fiscal year. Total expenditures include the following categories:*
 - 1. <u>Instructional Expenditures</u>: monies spent for classroom instruction, pupil support, and instructional staff support.

- Non-instructional expenditures: monies spent for school administration, business services, operations and maintenance, transportation, food services, enterprises, and community services.
- 3. <u>Facility Acquisition & Construction Services</u>: monies spent for activities concerned with acquiring land and buildings, remodeling buildings, constructing buildings and additions to buildings, initially installing or extending service systems and other built-in equipment, and improving sites.
- 4. <u>District expenditures per pupil</u>: total expenditures minus debt service divided by the adjusted October 1 funded membership.

Additional items frequently of interest to the public are average salary of full-time teachers and beginning teacher salary. Average salary calculations include full-time classroom teachers and librarians; special education teachers, aides, guidance counselors, and part-time teachers are not included. Beginning teacher salary is defined as the salary paid to a new teacher with a bachelor's degree and no experience. This information is different from average salary of full-time teachers, which is an average of all teachers' salaries in the district.

Note: Some districts' financial data may be adjusted after the publication of this report due to audits. The financial information in this section is based on the December 1, 1998, figures provided by the Office of Management and Finance, LDE.

^{*} Debt service and other long-term obligations are not included in expenditure figures because these monies provide services during multiple years and should not be attributed to only one year.

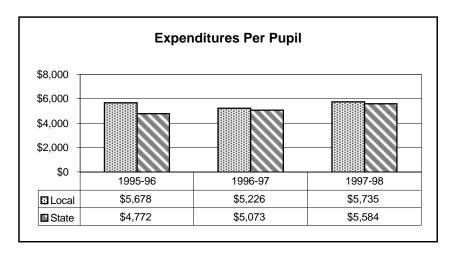
Ascension Parish Financial Profile

	District Revenue by Source								
		1995-96			1996-97			1997-98	
Revenue		% of District	State		% of District	State		% of District	State
Source	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %
Local	\$38,311,006	50.3%	36.8%	\$42,292,696	50.3%	37.4%	\$52,162,189	54.8%	37.6%
State	\$31,099,243	40.8%	50.9%	\$34,686,215	41.3%	50.8%	\$37,541,386	39.4%	51.0%
Federal	\$6,727,219	8.8%	12.3%	\$7,049,114	8.4%	11.8%	\$5,496,010	5.8%	11.4%
Total	\$76,137,468	100.0%	100.0%	\$84,028,025	100.0%	100.0%	\$95,199,585	100.0%	100.0%

Adjusted October 1 Student Membership					
1995-96	1996-97	1997-98			
14,169	14,581	14,521			

Revenues Per Pupil						
	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98			
Local	\$5,374	\$5,763	\$6,556			
State Average	\$4,981	\$5,296	\$5,818			

	Teacher	Salaries	
	Local Beginning	Local Average	State Average
Year	Salary	Salary	Salary
1995-96	\$21,060	\$28,896	\$26,800
1996-97	\$22,128	\$29,560	\$29,025
1997-98	\$23,128	\$31,182	\$31,131



			District Expe	enditures by Ca	tegory				
		1995-96			1996-97			1997-98	
		% of District	State		% of District	State		% of District	State
Expenditure Category	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %	Amount	Total	Average %
Instructional Expenditures	\$48,286,394	71.0%	68.0%	\$52,520,460	70.7%	68.2%	\$55,224,485	69.7%	68.9%
Non-Instructional Expenditures	\$19,695,873	29.0%	32.0%	\$21,807,595	29.3%	31.8%	\$24,039,785	30.3%	31.1%
Subtotal	\$67,982,267	100.0%	100.0%	\$74,328,055	100.0%	100.0%	\$79,264,270	100.0%	100.0%
Facility Acquisition & Construction Services	\$12,471,485			\$1,872,256			\$4,016,836		
Total Expenditures (excluding debt services)	\$80,453,752	_		\$76,200,311		-	\$83,281,106	_	

Notes:

- 1. District financial data may be adjusted as a result of audits conducted by the Louisiana Department of Education.
- 2. Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
- 3. Revenue per pupil and operating expenditure per pupil are based on adjusted October 1 funded student membership.

School Characteristics

		S	chools in Aso	cension Paris	h								
	1992-93	1992-93 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98											
Schools in Ascension Parish													
October 1 Membership	13,025	13,025 13,438 13,689 13,987 14,395 14,339											
Number of Faculty	915	915 944 963 979 1,018 1,031											

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher												
1992	2-93	3 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-9								7-98		
Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	
46.12	46.12 416 46.02 428 44.53 423 43.95 425 43.18 434 40.83 421											

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

	Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12											
	1992	2-93	1993	-94	1994	1-95	1995-96		1996-97		1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Class Size Characteristics for Grades K-12												
Elementary Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	28.97	186	35.69	207	38.58	255	44.94	320	48.57	392
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	66.04	424	53.97	313	54.16	358	46.63	332	47.96	387
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	4.98	32	10.34	60	7.26	48	8.43	60	3.47	28
Middle/Jr. <u>High Schools</u>												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	32.59	294	33.65	320	32.60	312	27.09	262	36.41	351
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	40.24	363	39.85	379	41.17	394	54.71	529	52.70	508
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	27.16	245	26.50	252	26.23	251	18.20	176	10.89	105
High Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	42.16	425	38.28	387	33.56	342	34.90	364	37.85	411
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	40.97	413	48.07	486	44.26	451	50.14	523	47.79	519
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	16.87	170	13.65	138	22.18	226	14.96	156	14.36	156
All Schools												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	34.87	831	35.46	905	35.96	914	34.47	909	34.75	946	40.39	1,154
Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.58	1,110	47.02	1,200	46.34	1,178	45.62	1,203	50.84	1,384	49.49	1,414
Class Size Range 27 or more	18.55	442	17.52	447	17.70	450	19.91	525	14.40	392	10.12	289

Student Participation

			Student A	ttendance								
	1992-93 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98											
Percent of Student Attendance												
Elementary Schools	~	95.37	95.27	95.17	95.47	95.29						
Middle/Jr. High Schools	~	94.59	94.01	94.31	93.22	93.15						
High Schools	~	91.84	91.83	89.70	89.60	91.47						
All Schools	94.46 94.16 94.00 93.42 93.26 93.69											

	Student Dropouts											
	199	1992-93 ³ 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-9										7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Student Dropouts												
Grade 7	1.03	10	0.09	1	1.20	14	1.10	14	1.00	13	0.83	12
Grade 8	0.29	3	0.38	4	0.74	8	2.91	32	1.48	18	1.07	13
Grade 9	5.04	57	2.68	37	2.20	28	5.76	80	8.41	117	7.09	103
Grade 10	3.68	34	2.51	24	1.04	11	4.68	48	5.45	59	5.75	61
Grade 11	2.88	23	2.31	21	1.89	17	3.61	38	5.70	55	4.98	50
Grade 12	2.88	20	2.49	19	0.98	8	4.07	34	3.20	32	3.65	33

¹ A standard attendance definition was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

³ In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

Student_Participation (Continued)

				Stu	dents Su	uspen	ded and	l Expe	lled			
	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ¹	1996	5-97	1997	'-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Students Suspended and Expelled												
Elementar <u>y Schools</u>												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	6.50	461	5.12	376
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	3.79	246	5.60	370	3.03	220	3.24	230	2.96	217
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.08	5	0.08	5	0.06	4	0.00	0	0.00	0
Middle/Jr. <u>High Schools</u>												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.02	672	13.12	562
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	8.19	333	12.82	544	9.51	401	14.91	667	15.97	684
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.61	25	1.11	47	0.36	15	0.27	12	0.33	14
High Schools												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	17.08	763	19.24	860
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	9.73	392	9.60	388	15.70	676	11.60	518	10.00	447
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.50	20	0.64	26	0.65	28	0.72	32	0.51	23
All Schools												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.91	1,896	11.29	1,798
Suspended (Out of School)	12.09	1,609	6.66	971	8.74	1,302	8.27	1,297	8.87	1,412	8.46	1,348
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.35	46	0.34	50	0.52	78	0.30	47	0.28	44	0.23	37

¹Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Student Achievement

	Reading Level Evaluation Results											
	199	2-93	1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97		1997	7-98 ¹
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 02												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		1,063
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	60.77	646
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.85	211
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.38	206
Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 03												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		1,016
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.54	422
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.28	267
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	32.19	327

	Percent of Students Passing CRT and Number of Student						idents	Tested				
	1992-93		1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995-96		² 1996-97		199	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 03												
Language Arts	94	1,040	93	1,024	92	1,045	93	982	92	1,047	93	1,020
Mathematics	94	1,032	92	1,019	92	1,039	91	983	93	1,039	90	1,015
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 05												
Language Arts	96	910	91	1,010	91	1,014	89	1,145	89	1,115	85	1,033
Mathematics	92	906	92	1,011	91	1,005	90	1,143	91	1,119	89	1,031
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results - Grade 07			,		,							
Language Arts	91	889	92	908	93	919	91	1,090	89	1,116	86	1,235
Mathematics	87	883	89	909	89	914	87	1,081	87	1,109	83	1,222
Graduation Exit Exam (GEE) Results			,		,							
Language Arts	95	775	93	767	93	880	90	850	86	865	91	842
Mathematics	89	766	84	768	86	883	82	844	85	871	85	837
Written Composition	95	757	95	749	97	867	94	849	96	853	97	833
Science	89	676	93	733	90	711	80	854	84	767	88	807
Social Studies	93	675	92	753	93	713	91	852	92	766	92	811

¹ Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Student Achievement (Continued)

Percent of Students by National Quartiles and Percentile Rank of Average Standard Scores for National Student Norms - The Iowa Tests 1994-95 | 1995-96 | 1996-97 | 1993-94 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 04 Fourth Ouartile 16.3 Third Quartile 26.8 Second Ouartile 33.7 First Ouartile 23.1 Percentile Rank 47.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 06 Fourth Quartile 17.7 Third Quartile 30.6 Second Quartile 27.7 First Quartile 24.0 Percentile Rank 48.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 08 Fourth Ouartile 19.0 Third Ouartile 29.3 Second Ouartile 30.9 First Ouartile 20.9 Percentile Rank 50.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 09 Fourth Quartile 17.9 Third Ouartile 31.9 Second Quartile 28.8 First Ouartile 21.4 Percentile Rank 49.0 Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10 Fourth Quartile 20.7 Third Ouartile 29.6 Second Quartile 29.0 First Quartile 20.7 Percentile Rank 50.0

¹Represents graduates from the previous school year.

² In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Student Achievement (Continued)

		•	•	tiles and Perotudent Norms		C						
	1992-93 1993-94 1994-95 1995-96 1996-97 1997-98°											
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11												
Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7						
Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.7						
Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.9						
First Quartile	~ ~ ~ ~ 23.6											
Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	48.0						

College Readiness

	Coneger	Committees										
	American College Test (ACT) Results											
	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98						
Average Composite Score	19.3	19.6	19.0	19.2	19.2	19.8						
	First-time College Freshmen Performance											

			F	irst-tin	ne Coll	ege Fr	eshmei	n Perfo	ormanc	ee		
	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96	1990	6-97	199'	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
Number of High School Graduates ¹		629		647		681		763		824		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	35.93	226	37.56	243	33.19	226	34.34	262	30.09	248	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	49.56	112	49.38	120	36.73	83	43.51	114	38.30	95	~	~

¹ Represents graduates from the previous school year.

² In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Part 2. School Characteristics

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher2-	5
Class Size Characteristics2-	7

Table 1Schools in Ascension Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-4,NG,S	P,K-4,NG,S	P,K-4	K-4	K-5	K-5
	October 1 Membership	691	640	706	617	559	549
	Number of Faculty	48	42	47	45	44	38
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	P,K-5,NG,S	P,K-5,NG,S	P,K-5	K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	705	728	694	675	679	614
	Number of Faculty	55	57	58	61	58	56
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003003	Donaldsonville High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,NG,S	9-12,NG,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	494	590	637	682	663	611
	Number of Faculty	54	53	56	57	54	53
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
003004	Dutchtown Middle School						
	Grade Structure	4-8,NG,S	4-8,NG,S	4-8	5-8,NG	5-8,NG	5-8,NG
	October 1 Membership	617	678	719	602	635	613
	Number of Faculty	45	50	52	47	48	48
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
003005	East Ascension High School						
	Grade Structure	8-12,NG,S	8-12,NG,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12,NG	9-12,NG
	October 1 Membership	1,194	1,238	1,290	1,411	1,428	1,437
	Number of Faculty	87	94	96	94	98	94
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
003006	Galvez Middle School						
	Grade Structure	5-8,NG,S	5-8,NG,S	5-8	5-8	5-8	5-8
	October 1 Membership	797	843	865	895	805	712
	Number of Faculty	54	57	57	59	58	47
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
003007	Gonzales Middle School						
	Grade Structure	5-8,S	5-8,NG,S	5-8	5-8,NG	6-8,NG	6-8,NG
	October 1 Membership	903	911	951	981	726	618
	Number of Faculty	70	71	72	75	60	49
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				

Table 1Schools in Ascension Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
003008	Gonzales Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-4,NG,S	P,K-4,NG,S	P,K-4	K-4,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	621	595	542	494	624	618
	Number of Faculty	66	66	63	60	59	51
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003010	Lowery Middle School						
	Grade Structure	6-8,S	6-8,S	6-8	6-8	6-8	6-8
	October 1 Membership	558	527	512	571	622	629
	Number of Faculty	42	43	43	45	48	50
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
003012	Prairieville School						
	Grade Structure	K-8,NG,S	K-8,NG,S	P,K-8	K-8	5-8	5-8
	October 1 Membership	854	850	904	881	424	398
	Number of Faculty	55	55	59	60	31	32
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Middle/Jr. High	Middle/Jr. High
003013	St. Amant Middle School						
	Grade Structure	5-8,S	5-8,S	5-8	5-8,NG	5-8,NG	5-8,NG
	October 1 Membership	792	784	814	776	821	793
	Number of Faculty	52	54	57	50	58	56
	Category	~	Middle/Jr. High				
003014	St. Amant High School						
	Grade Structure	9-12,S	9-12,S	9-12	9-12,NG	9-12	9-12
	October 1 Membership	1,523	1,666	1,739	1,851	1,861	1,916
	Number of Faculty	105	112	113	117	117	120
	Category	~	High	High	High	High	High
003015	West Ascension Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	K-5,NG,S	K-5,NG,S	K-5	K-5,NG	K-5,NG	K-5,NG
	October 1 Membership	629	637	626	584	536	516
	Number of Faculty	48	48	49	54	53	46
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003018	Galvez Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-4,NG,S	K-4,NG,S	P,K-4	K-4,NG	K-4,NG	K-4,NG
	October 1 Membership	859	860	890	914	702	662
	Number of Faculty	57	60	60	63	49	46
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary

~ = Unavailable Data

S = Special Education

P = Pre-kindergarten

NG = Nongraded

Table 1Schools in Ascension Parish

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
003020	Lake Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-4,NG,S	K-4,NG,S	K-4	K-5	K-5	K-5
	October 1 Membership	625	625	574	647	646	666
	Number of Faculty	43	44	43	47	48	43
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003023	Dutchtown Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-3,NG,S	K-3,NG,S	K-3	K-4	K-4	K-4
	October 1 Membership	533	623	612	794	838	879
	Number of Faculty	42	41	40	50	55	55
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003024	St. Amant Primary School						
	Grade Structure	K-4,NG,S	K-4,NG,S	P,K-4	K-4	K-4	K-4
	October 1 Membership	630	643	614	612	620	615
	Number of Faculty	42	45	42	49	46	47
	Category	~	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary	Elementary
003026	Central Elementary School						
	Grade Structure	~	~	~	~	K-6	K-8,NG
	October 1 Membership	~	~	~	~	696	931
	Number of Faculty	~	~	~	~	54	61
	Category	~	~	~	~	Elementary	Elementary
003027	Oak Grove Primary						
	Grade Structure	~	~	~	~	K-4	K-4
	October 1 Membership	~	~	~	~	510	562
	Number of Faculty	~	~	~	~	39	39
	Category	~	~	~	~	Elementary	Elementary
District							
	October 1 Membership	13,025	13,438	13,689	13,987	14,395	14,339
	Number of Faculty	915	944	963	979	1,018	1,031

Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Perhaps the most vital educational resource available to students is the school faculty. One indicator of faculty preparation is the level of academic training the staff has completed.

Organization

Table 2, Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher, presents the number and percent of faculty attaining a master's degree or higher. Data are presented for all faculty members in all schools in the districts that receive a *School Report Card*. Schools are presented in site code order. District and state totals are presented for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The School Report Card displays the percent of faculty with a master's degree or higher.

Definition

• Faculty—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals,

assistant principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided these individuals teach at least one class.)

Method of Calculation

The formula used to compute the percentage of faculty who have a master's degree or higher is presented below. Itinerant staff members who are employed at multiple school sites are counted at each school in which they teach, but are counted only once in district and state percentages.

Data Sources

Site-based personnel— district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Profile of Educational Personnel (PEP).

Faculty degree status— district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Profile of Educational Personnel (PEP).

Formula Used to Calculate Percent of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Percent of Faculty
with a Master's Degree = Number of Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

Total Number of Faculty at All Education Levels

X 100

Table 2Faculty with a Master's Degree or Higher

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96	1996	-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	umber	Percent	Number
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School	40.43	19	36.59	15	34.78	16	38.64	17	39.53	17	36.84	14
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School	35.19		37.50		43.86	25	43.33	26	40.35	23	37.50	21
003003	Donaldsonville High School	48.15	26	50.94	27	52.73	29	50.88	29	54.72	29	52.83	28
003004	Dutchtown Middle School	50.00	22	45.83	22	47.06	24	52.17	24	51.06	24	45.83	22
003005	East Ascension High School	50.57	44	47.87	45	50.00	48	51.06	48	48.98	48	52.13	49
003006	Galvez Middle School	39.62	21	35.71	20	28.57	16	27.59	16	29.82	17	34.04	16
003007	Gonzales Middle School	45.59		46.38		48.57	34	41.10	30	41.38	24	38.78	19
003008	Gonzales Primary School	50.77	33	50.00	33	41.94	26	40.68	24	44.83	26	39.22	20
003010	Lowery Middle School	48.78		54.76	23	45.24	19	42.22	19	43.75	21	36.00	18
003012	Prairieville School	44.44		46.30	25	46.55	27	42.37	25	48.39	15	50.00	16
003013	St. Amant Middle School	48.08	25	47.17	25	45.61	26	46.00	23	41.38	24	39.29	22
003014	St. Amant High School	52.38	55	49.11	55	47.79	54	45.30	53	40.17	47	35.83	43
003015	West Ascension Elementary School	34.04		34.09	15	29.17	14	39.62	21	38.46	20	34.78	16
003018	Galvez Primary School	39.29		45.76	27	42.37	25	41.94	26	42.86	21	41.30	19
003020	Lake Primary School	47.62	20	48.84	21	47.62	20	54.35	25	53.19	25	48.84	21
003023	Dutchtown Primary School	50.00	21	41.46	17	45.00	18	36.00	18	35.19	19	36.36	20
003024	St. Amant Primary School	51.22	21	51.11	23	47.62	20	50.00	24	52.17	24	44.68	21
003026	Central Elementary School	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.51	22	34.43	21
003027	Oak Grove Primary	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	42.11	16	38.46	15
District		46.12	416	46.02	428	44.53	423	43.95	425	43.18	434	40.83	421
State		43.62	21,927	43.57	22,111	42.53	21,844	42.20	21,854	41.55	21,556	39.83	20,938

Small classes generally allow more time for pupil-teacher interaction and therefore are instrumental in promoting student learning, especially at the lower elementary grades. In recognition of that fact, the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education has set specific limits on the maximum size of classes at various grade levels (*Bulletin 741*). The maximum enrollment in grades K-3 is 26 students, while in grades 4-12 the maximum enrollment is 33 students. The limits do not apply to activity classes such as physical education, chorus, and band.

Organization

Tables 3a, 3b, 3c, and 3d (Class Size Characteristics for Elementary, Middle/Junior High, High, and Combination Schools, respectively) present the number and percentage of classes that fall within various class size ranges. Data are presented for all schools in the district that receive a *School Report Card*, with schools presented by category and in site code order. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category also have been provided.

The *District Composite Report* presents class size information for grades K-12 in three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27 or more students.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card provides 1997-98 class size information for grades K-12 by three ranges: 1-20, 21-26, and 27+. Category percentages are provided for comparison purposes.

Definition

 Class—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for the purposes of the Annual School Report (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.

Method of Calculation

The following criterion was applied to *Annual School Report (ASR)* data to determine which classes should be included/excluded from the class size calculations:

 Activity classes (which have a maximum allowable student count greater than 33) are excluded because their inclusion in the computation would skew the results.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Classes in Each of the Specific Class Size Ranges

 $\begin{array}{c} \textit{Percent of Classes} \\ \textit{in Specific Class Size Range} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \textit{Number of Classes in Specific} \\ \textit{Class Size Range} \\ \hline \textit{Total Number of Classes} \end{array} \hspace{0.2cm} \mathsf{X} \quad 100^* \\ \end{array}$

*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range = (Number of Classes in Elementary Schools in Specific Class Size Range / Total Number of Classes in Elementary Schools) X 100.

Data Source

District-reported data from the Annual School Report (ASR).

References

Franklin, B.J. and Glascock, C.H. (1994, November). School configuration: Which configuration is best? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Educational Research Association, Nashville, Tenn.

Louisiana Department of Education, *Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators (Bulletin 741)*, Baton Rouge, La.

LDE researchers have explored the relationship between school configuration and Report Card indicators related to student participation and testing. Middle school students perform significantly lower in grades 6 and 7 for all indicators than grades 6 and 7 students in elementary or combination (K-12) schools (Franklin and Glascock, 1994).

Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics

Elementary Schools

		199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96	1990	5-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	36.73	18	48.57	17	24.32	9	41.67	15	16.67	11	54.29	38
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	61.22	30	51.43	18	75.68	28	38.89	14	62.12	41	45.71	32
	Class Size Range 27 or more	2.04	. 1	0.00	0	0.00	0	19.44	7	21.21	14	0.00	0
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	65.31		41.03	32	45.31	29	52.56	41	59.46	44	85.19	69
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	34.69	17	51.28	40	54.69	35	47.44	37	40.54	30	14.81	12
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	7.69	6	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003008	Gonzales Primary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	22.95		32.26	20	83.33	25	71.88	23	47.22	34	34.29	24
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	68.85		67.74	42	16.67	5	25.00	8	41.67	30	65.71	46
	Class Size Range 27 or more	8.20	5	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.13	1	11.11	8	0.00	0
003012	Prairieville School		T							1			
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	23.00		22.11	21	26.67	32	33.07		Jr. High			
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	36.00		50.53	48	37.50	45	35.43		Jr. High			
	Class Size Range 27 or more	41.00	41	27.37	26	35.83	43	31.50	40	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High
003015	West Ascension Elementary School		T							ļ			
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	28.57		29.69	19	26.39	19	35.94	23	91.30	63	83.82	57
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	61.90			45	66.67	48	64.06	41	8.70	6	16.18	
	Class Size Range 27 or more	9.52	6	0.00	0	6.94	5	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003018	Galvez Primary School		T										
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	18.52		29.75	36	33.33	37	34.15	42	16.92	11	36.71	29
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	81.48		70.25	85	55.86	62	65.85	81	73.85	48	63.29	50
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	10.81	12	0.00	0	9.23	6	0.00	0
003020	Lake Primary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	19.05			8	32.35	22	41.82	46	66.67	74	40.38	42
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	75.00		90.36	75	67.65	46	58.18	64	27.93	31	59.62	62
	Class Size Range 27 or more	5.95	5	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	5.41	6	0.00	0
003023	Dutchtown Primary School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	52.00		38.46	10	33.33	9	37.84	14	40.00	28	34.94	29 54
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	48.00		61.54	16	66.67	18	62.16	23	58.57	41	65.06	
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	1.43	1	0.00	0
003024	St. Amant Primary School		T										
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	22.64		29.49	23	49.02	25	16.67	9	14.29	7	43.14	
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	77.36		70.51	55	50.98	26	83.33	45	85.71	42	56.86	29
	Class Size Range 27 or more	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

Table 3a: Class Size Characteristics

Elementary Schools

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003026 Central Elementary School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	30.86	25	37.91	58
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.27	31	43.79	67
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	30.86	25	18.30	28
003027 Oak Grove Primary												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.82	23	50.00	24
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	58.18	32	50.00	24
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
District (Elementary Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	28.97	186	35.69	207	38.58	255	44.94	320	48.57	392
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	66.04	424	53.97	313	54.16	358	46.63	332	47.96	387
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	4.98	32	10.34	60	7.26	48	8.43	60	3.47	28
District (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	34.87	831	35.46	905	35.96	914	34.47	909	34.75	946	40.39	1,154
Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.58	1,110	47.02	1,200	46.34	1,178	45.62	1,203	50.84	1,384	49.49	1,414
Class Size Range 27 or more	18.55	442	17.52	447	17.70	450	19.91	525	14.40	392	10.12	289
State (Elementary Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	29.86	9,170	30.32	9,287	32.15	9,840	31.58	9,687	34.34	11,090
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	51.31	15,758	50.85	15,577	50.68	15,510	53.06	16,277	51.25	16,553
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	18.83	5,783	18.83	5,768	17.17	5,255	15.37	4,714	14.41	4,654
State (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192	34.44	40,803
Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829		44,678	40.20	45,996	39.38	46,654
Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics

Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number
003004	Dutchtown Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	27.59	32	27.01	37	29.33	44	36.18	55	34.39	54	50.00	85
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	56.90		51.82	71	49.33	74	51.32	78	50.96	80	50.00	85
	Class Size Range 27 or more	15.52	18	21.17	29	21.33	32	12.50	19	14.65	23	0.00	0
003006	Galvez Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	21.31	39	22.89	46	29.56	60	23.64	52	31.86	65	33.33	63
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	30.05		30.85	62	23.65	48	46.82	103	49.02	100	32.28	61
	Class Size Range 27 or more	48.63	89	46.27	93	46.80	95	29.55	65	19.12	39	34.39	65
003007	Gonzales Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	32.00		36.10	87	36.40	91	37.16	97	27.93	50	38.46	60
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	39.11	88	45.23	109	46.40	116	39.85	104	62.01	111	57.05	89
	Class Size Range 27 or more	28.89	65	18.67	45	17.20	43	22.99	60	10.06	18	4.49	7
003010	Lowery Middle School							,				1	
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	47.52	67	62.16	92	59.24	93	51.92	81	34.03	49	33.33	47
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	41.13	58	27.03	40	36.94	58	33.33	52	56.94	82	59.57	84
	Class Size Range 27 or more	11.35	16	10.81	16	3.82	6	14.74	23	9.03	13	7.09	10
003012	Prairieville School							,					
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	17.98	16	43.12	47
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	39.33	35	55.05	60
	Class Size Range 27 or more	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	42.70	38	1.83	2
003013	St. Amant Middle School												
	Class Size Range 1 - 20	12.14	21	18.29	32	16.75	32	16.07	27	14.43	28	24.62	49
	Class Size Range 21 - 26	68.21	118	46.29	81	43.46	83	33.93	57	62.37	121	64.82	129
	Class Size Range 27 or more	19.65	34	35.43	62	39.79	76	50.00	84	23.20	45	10.55	21

Table 3b: Class Size Characteristics

Middle/Jr. High Schools

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96	1990	6-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number										
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	32.59	294	33.65	320	32.60	312	27.09	262	36.41	351
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	40.24	363	39.85	379	41.17	394	54.71	529	52.70	508
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	27.16	245	26.50	252	26.23	251	18.20	176	10.89	105
District (All Schools)			,									
Class Size Range 1 - 20	34.87	831	35.46	905	35.96	914	34.47	909	34.75	946	40.39	1,154
Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.58	1,110	47.02	1,200	46.34	1,178	45.62	1,203	50.84	1,384	49.49	1,414
Class Size Range 27 or more	18.55	442	17.52	447	17.70	450	19.91	525	14.40	392	10.12	289
State (Middle/Jr. High Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	21.06	6,253	23.16	6,785	23.22	6,682	24.50	7,050	27.45	8,168
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	38.07	11,300	39.15	11,471	40.39	11,625	40.85	11,756	39.66	11,802
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	40.87	12,133	37.69	11,045	36.40	10,476	34.66	9,975	32.90	9,791
State (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	30.00	33,335	30.42	34,199	31.18	35,133	32.25	36,358	32.51	37,192	34.44	40,803
Class Size Range 21 - 26	40.59	45,104	39.16	44,023	39.79	44,829	39.63	44,678	40.20	45,996	39.38	46,654
Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

Table 3c: Class Size Characteristics

High Schools

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96	1996	5-97	1997	'-98
	Percent	Number										
003003 Donaldsonville High School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	75.14	136	66.84	129	58.06	108	54.36	106	57.38	105	72.31	141
Class Size Range 21 - 26	20.44	37	27.98	54	36.56	68	34.36	67	34.43	63	25.13	49
Class Size Range 27 or more	4.42	8	5.18	10	5.38	10	11.28	22	8.20	15	2.56	5
003005 East Ascension High School												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	42.12	139	42.82	149	44.48	157	31.64	112	34.15	126	28.84	109
Class Size Range 21 - 26	36.36	120	37.64	131	36.26	128	35.88	127	37.13	137	42.06	159
Class Size Range 27 or more	21.52	71	19.54	68	19.26	68	32.49	115	28.73	106	29.10	110
003014 St. Amant High School	,											
Class Size Range 1 - 20	35.97	159	31.48	147	25.85	122	26.38	124	27.09	133	31.38	161
Class Size Range 21 - 26	45.25	200	48.82	228	61.44	290	54.68	257	65.78	323	60.62	311
Class Size Range 27 or more	18.78	83	19.70	92	12.71	60	18.94	89	7.13	35	7.99	41
District (High Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~	42.16	425	38.28	387	33.56	342	34.90	364	37.85	411
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~	40.97	413	48.07	486	44.26	451	50.14	523	47.79	519
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	16.87	170	13.65	138	22.18	226	14.96	156	14.36	156
District (All Schools)												
Class Size Range 1 - 20	34.87	831	35.46	905	35.96	914	34.47	909	34.75	946	40.39	1,154
Class Size Range 21 - 26	46.58	1,110	47.02	1,200	46.34	1,178	45.62	1,203	50.84	1,384	49.49	1,414
Class Size Range 27 or more	18.55	442	17.52	447	17.70	450	19.91	525	14.40	392	10.12	289
State (High Schools)	1											
Class Size Range 1 - 20	~	~		14,261		14,610		15,285		15,900		17,104
Class Size Range 21 - 26	~	~		14,813		15,478		15,285		15,607		16,121
Class Size Range 27 or more	~	~	34.45	15,277	32.96	14,792	32.79	14,911	33.08	15,576	32.10	15,704
State (All Schools)			-									
Class Size Range 1 - 20		33,335		34,199		35,133		36,358		37,192		40,803
Class Size Range 21 - 26		45,104		44,023		44,829		44,678		45,996		46,654
Class Size Range 27 or more	29.42	32,693	30.41	34,185	29.03	32,715	28.12	31,698	27.29	31,226	26.17	31,003

Part 3. Student Participation

Student Attendance	3-1
Student Dropouts	3-7
Students Suspended and Expelled	3-11

More than a decade ago, American schools were challenged by *A Nation at Risk* to do whatever necessary to reduce the amount of instructional time lost to absenteeism (Bennett, 1988). As educators have long recognized, occasional absences cause some learning disruption, but frequent student absences can severely reduce academic progress (Bamber, 1979).

The percent of student attendance reflects the percentage of time the average student is present within the total number of instructional days. Since 1993-94, attendance has been calculated to the nearest half day.

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Tables 4a, 4b, 4c, and 4d, Student Attendance, present the percent of student attendance for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. District and state percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Schools are presented by category and in site code order. Since 1993-94, district and state percentages based on school category have been provided for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card presents the percent of student attendance for the school, district, and state, based on the school category.

Of all the School Report Card indicators studied, student attendance yields the strongest positive relationship with average test scores. This is especially evident in secondary schools with higher attendance. These schools show a marked increase in the percentage of students passing the Graduation Exit Exam (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Definitions

- Aggregate days attendance—the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.
- Aggregate days membership—the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.
- Day of attendance—effective with the 1992-93 school year, "a student is considered to be in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips."

"Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50 percent of the student's instructional day shall be credited with a half day of attendance. Those who meet the above criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student's instructional day are credited with a whole day of attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25 percent or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department." (Bulletin 741)

As mentioned previously, the above definition was piloted for the 1992-93 school year and has been in effect statewide since the 1993-94 school year.

• *Percent of student attendance*—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.

Method of Calculation

The formulas used in calculating percent of student attendance are presented on the following page.

Data Sources References

The attendance indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

Bamber, C. (1979). Student and teacher absenteeism. *Phi Delta Kappa Fastback*. 126, 12.

Bennett, W. J. (1988). *American Education - Making It Work.* 17. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.

Louisiana Department of Education. *Handbook for Louisiana School Administrators (Bulletin 741)*. Baton Rouge, La.: Author.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Attendance

School-level Aggregation

Percent of Student Attendance =
$$\frac{Aggregate \ Days \ of \ Attendance}{Aggregate \ Days \ of \ Membership} \ X \quad 100$$

District-level Aggregation

Percent of Student Attendance =
$$\frac{Total\ Aggregate\ Days\ of\ Attendance\ for}{All\ Schools\ in\ the\ District} \times 100^*$$

$$for\ All\ Schools\ in\ the\ District}$$

State-level Aggregation

Percent of Student Attendance =
$$\frac{Total \, Aggregate \, Days \, of \, Attendance \, for}{All \, Schools \, in \, the \, State} \times 100^*$$

$$for \, All \, Schools \, in \, the \, State$$

*Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Student Attendance in Elementary Schools = (Aggregate Days of Attendance for All Elementary Schools / Aggregate Days of Membership for All Elementary Schools) X 100.

Table 4a: Percent of Student Attendance

	1992-93 ¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 ²	1996-97	1997-98
003001 Carver, G.W., Primary School	95.97	96.06	95.96	95.71	95.49	94.10
003002 Donaldsonville Elementary School	93.96	93.40	94.34	94.16	95.65	96.22
003008 Gonzales Primary School	95.50	95.26	94.46	94.30	93.60	93.79
003012 Prairieville School	95.13	95.07	94.69	96.58	Jr. High	Jr. High
003015 West Ascension Elementary School	95.18	97.21	95.22	95.27	96.31	95.77
003018 Galvez Primary School	94.81	95.44	95.50	93.93	95.06	95.07
003020 Lake Primary School	96.14	95.88	95.95	95.20	95.76	95.64
003023 Dutchtown Primary School	95.92	95.80	95.53	96.27	96.48	95.91
003024 St. Amant Primary School	95.83	95.96	95.91	94.64	95.04	94.63
003026 Central Elementary School	~	~	~	~	95.37	95.46
003027 Oak Grove Primary	~	~	~	~	95.78	95.93
District (Elementary Schools)	~	95.37	95.27	95.17	95.47	95.29
District (All Schools)	94.46	94.16	94.00	93.42	93.26	93.69
State (Elementary Schools)	~	95.01	95.21	95.01	95.20	95.01
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

¹ A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 4b: Percent of Student Attendance

Middle/Jr. High Schools

	1992-93 ¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 ²	1996-97	1997-98
003004 Dutchtown Middle School	95.57	95.65	95.48	95.54	95.84	95.75
003006 Galvez Middle School	94.89	95.11	94.41	94.69	92.48	92.16
003007 Gonzales Middle School	94.44	95.05	94.18	94.04	94.62	93.96
003010 Lowery Middle School	92.14	90.83	90.24	91.72	88.04	88.02
003012 Prairieville School	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	93.71	95.44
003013 St. Amant Middle School	95.42	94.77	94.56	95.14	94.27	94.22
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	94.59	94.01	94.31	93.22	93.15
District (All Schools)	94.46	94.16	94.00	93.42	93.26	93.69
State (Middle/Jr. High Schools)	~	92.84	92.72	92.56	93.14	92.69
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

¹ A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 4c: Percent of Student Attendance

High Schools

	1992-93 ¹	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96 ²	1996-97	1997-98
003003 Donaldsonville High School	92.49	90.43	89.85	87.14	86.30	89.02
003005 East Ascension High School	93.40	92.97	92.07	90.25	90.38	91.79
003014 St. Amant High School	92.47	91.50	92.29	90.22	90.19	92.00
District (High Schools)	~	91.84	91.83	89.70	89.60	91.47
District (All Schools)	94.46	94.16	94.00	93.42	93.26	93.69
State (High Schools)	~	90.97	91.02	90.62	91.06	90.75
State (All Schools)	~	93.55	93.64	93.36	93.70	93.40

¹ A standard attendance defintion was piloted statewide in 1992-93 and implemented statewide in 1993-94; hence prior years' data may not be comparable.

² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Students who drop out of school deprive our country of potentially valuable human resources (Hershaff, 1980). Research indicates that dropping out of school has negative consequences both for the individual who drops out and for society (Curry, Payson, and Sandhu, 1990).

Over the last 20 years, there has been a general increase in high school completion rates. Despite these gains, dropout rates remain at unacceptably high levels. The monitoring of high school dropout rates provides one measure of our progress in increasing the educational attainment of the state's youth. Unfortunately, determining the exact number of students who actually drop out of school is extremely difficult.

According to LDE research, the percent of student dropouts has a strong negative correlation with test scores and attendance, and a positive correlation with school size. Thus, schools with low average test scores and low average attendance generally experience high dropout rates. Larger schools (those with enrollments of roughly 700 or more students) exhibit higher dropout rates than do smaller schools (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Table 5, Student Dropouts, presents the number and percent of students (by grade level) who drop out of school for grades 7-12. Data are presented by school site code for all *Report Card* schools in the district whose grade structure includes grade seven or higher. District and state numbers and percents are offered for comparison purposes.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

School-level counts and percents are reported (by grade) for grades 7-12. Also, district and state percents are presented.

Definitions

- Cumulative Enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating schooland district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
 - Dropout—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout in the following manner. A school dropout is an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, had not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and did not meet any of the following exclusionary conditions:
 - Death;
 - Temporary absence due to suspension or illness; or
 - Transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program.

For the purpose of this definition:

- A school year is the 12-month period of time beginning with the normal opening of school in the fall, with dropouts from the previous summer reported for the year and grade for which they fail to enroll;
- An individual has graduated from high school or completed an approved education program upon receipt of formal recognition from school authorities; and
- A state- or district-approved education program may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored GED preparation.

Method of Calculation

Louisiana's school- and district-level student dropout percents are calculated by dividing the total number of student dropouts in each grade for grades 7-12 by the cumulative enrollment for that grade. The formulas used to produce percent of student dropouts are presented at the bottom of this page.

Data Sources

The dropout indicator is based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

References

- Curry, B. A., Payson, James and Sandhu, Daya S. (1990). Efficacy of a university designed dropout prevention program for at-risk adolescents of Louisiana. *Louisiana Education Research Journal*. XVI:1, 52.
- Franklin, B. J. and Crone, L. J. (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.
- Hershaff, S. M. (1980). Dropouts: A comparison of their general feelings of alienation and attitudes toward school with those of persisters. *The Southern Journal of Educational Research*. XIV:4, 247.
- National Center for Education Statistics (1993). *Dropout rates in the United States: 1993.* U.S. Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Student Dropouts

(Grades 7-12)

School-level Aggregation

District-level Aggregation

State-level Aggregation

Table 5: Student Dropouts

		1992-93 Percent Number P											
		Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent \(\lambda \)	lumber	Percent 1	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent N	<i>lumber</i>
003003	Donaldsonville High School												
	Grade 9	18.23	35	4.40	11	4.21	9	8.06	22	9.69	25	8.37	19
	Grade 10	8.15	11	1.99	3	0.00	0	4.85	8	4.38	7	7.65	14
	Grade 11	7.20	9	2.52	4	3.70	5	5.32	10	4.73	7	4.96	7
	Grade 12	3.13	3	4.07	5	2.40	3	2.88	4	2.14	4	5.37	8
003004	Dutchtown Middle School												
	Grade 7	0.78	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0		1	0.54	1
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	6.25	9	0.61	1	0.58	1
003005	East Ascension High School												
	Grade 8	0.00	0	13.64	3	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
	Grade 9	2.86	12	2.86	15	2.32	11	5.29	28	7.65	39	4.85	27
	Grade 10	3.87	13	2.45	9	1.64	7	3.74	14	5.98	26	5.48	21
	Grade 11	3.74	11	2.16	7	0.86	3	3.42	14	5.51	19	4.34	17
	Grade 12	2.46	7	1.41	4	0.94	3	4.11	13	4.46	17	4.10	13
003006	Galvez Middle School												
	Grade 7	0.84	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.37	1	0.37	1	0.47	1
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	2.79	7	1.14	3	1.39	3
003007	Gonzales Middle School												
	Grade 7	2.53		0.36	1	0.00	0	0.96	3	1.80	5	1.30	4
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.60	9	1.49	4	0.98	2
003010	Lowery Middle School												
	Grade 7	0.45	1	0.00	0	7.03	13	2.91	6	2.24	5	0.77	2
	Grade 8	0.93	2	0.00	0	4.10	8	1.19	2	2.45	5	1.93	4
003012	Prairieville School												
	Grade 7	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	2.52	3	0.00	0	1.64	2
	Grade 8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	3.25	4	3.20	4	2.34	3
003013	St. Amant Middle School												
	Grade 7	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.45	1	0.41	1	0.39	1	0.36	1
	Grade 8	0.43	1	0.49	1	0.00	0	0.48	1	0.41	1	0.00	0
003014	St. Amant High School			,									
	Grade 9	1.83	10	1.66	11	1.25	8	4.76	30	8.01	53	7.70	57
	Grade 10	2.15	10	2.60	12	0.82	4	5.06	26	5.18	26	5.05	26
	Grade 11	0.76	3	2.18	10	2.05	9	2.90	14	5.98	29	5.43	26
	Grade 12	3.11	10	2.65	10	0.48	2	4.33	17	2.47	11	2.69	12

In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.

Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 5: Student Dropouts

		1992	2-93 ¹	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003026	Central Elementary School												
	Grade 7	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.73	1
	Grade 8	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0
District													
	Grade 7	1.03	10	0.09	1	1.20	14	1.10	14	1.00	13	0.83	12
	Grade 8	0.29	3	0.38	4	0.74	8	2.91	32	1.48	18	1.07	13
	Grade 9	5.04	57	2.68	37	2.20	28	5.76	80	8.41	117	7.09	103
	Grade 10	3.68	34	2.51	24	1.04	11	4.68	48	5.45	59	5.75	61
	Grade 11	2.88	23	2.31	21	1.89	17	3.61	38	5.70	55	4.98	50
	Grade 12	2.88	20	2.49	19	0.98	8	4.07	34	3.20	32	3.65	33
	Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.65	200	5.93	263	5.59	247
State													
	Grade 7	~	~	1.47	904	0.78	480	4.46	2,816	4.73	2,904	3.44	2,122
	Grade 8	~	~	1.71	971	0.93	538	6.04	3,568	5.53	3,232	4.46	2,519
	Grade 9	~	~	6.48	4,018	4.63	2,898	12.90	8,966	13.51	9,245	11.67	7,688
	Grade 10	~	~	4.91	2,531	3.79	2,005	11.86	6,554	12.10	6,626	10.53	5,802
	Grade 11	~	~	4.57	1,988	3.55	1,555	10.78	4,991	10.58	4,897	9.08	4,161
	Grade 12	~	~	3.70	1,433	2.65	1,061	10.75	4,397	8.62	3,605	8.71	3,716
	Grades 9 - 12	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.75	24,908	11.53	24,373	10.20	21,367

¹ In 1992-93, Louisiana was in transition to the federal reporting calendar; hence, prior years' data may not be comparable.
² Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Student suspension not only harms students by depriving them of valuable instruction, it also harms communities, the individual school, and school district (Garibaldi, 1978).

Prior to 1995-96, attendance data were reported for regular education students only. The 1995-96, 1996-97, and 1997-98 data include special education students as well; hence, comparisons with prior years data are strongly discouraged.

Organization

Tables 6a, 6b, 6c, and 6d, Students Suspended and Expelled, present the number and percent of students suspended and the number and percent of students expelled for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. Schools are listed by category and in site code order. District percentages are presented for comparison of all schools. Since 1993-94, percentages based on the school category also have been provided for comparison purposes.

It should be pointed out that the "students suspended" number reflects the number of students at the school site who were suspended at least once during the school year. Because some students are suspended more than once over the course of the school year, the total incidence of suspension may be greater than the number reported here.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Card presents the school-level number and percent of students suspended and expelled. Category statistics are provided at the district level for comparison purposes.

Definitions

- Cumulative Enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school-and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- In-school Expulsion—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- In-school Suspension—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- Out-of-school Expulsion—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.
- Out-of-school Suspension—student is temporarily prohibited from participating in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.

Schools which report comparatively high suspension rates tend to serve more low-income students than those which report low suspension rates. Suspension rates tend to be higher among large schools. Middle schools and secondary schools report higher suspension rates than schools with other grade configurations. Finally, class enrollments are larger in high-suspension schools (Kennedy, 1993). This research is further supported by Franklin and Glascock (1994) who found that suspension rates are significantly higher in middle schools than elementary or combination (K-12) schools.

Method of Calculation

Suspensions and expulsions are calculated for students enrolled in grades K-12. The formulas listed at the bottom of this page were used to calculate the desired school- and district-level percentages for each school category, as well as district-level percentages for all schools.

Data Sources

The suspension and expulsion indicators are based on district-reported data submitted to the LDE via the Student Information System (SIS).

References

- Children's Defense Fund. (1975). School Suspensions Are They Helping Children? Cambridge, Mass.
- Franklin, B. J., and Glascock, C. H. (1994). The K-12 school Did we forget the importance of continuity? Paper presented at the annual meeting of the Mid-South Education Research Association. Nashville, Tenn.
- Garibaldi, A. M. (1978). *In-School Alternatives to Suspension: Conference Report.* Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- Kennedy, E. (1993). A study of out-of-school suspensions and expulsions in Louisiana public schools. Report to the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. Baton Rouge, La.: Louisiana Department of Education.

Formulas Used to Calculate Percent of Students Suspended, Expelled

School-level Aggregation

$$Percent of Students Suspended = \frac{Number of Students Suspended}{Cumulative Enrollment} \times 100$$

$$Percent of Students Expelled = \frac{Number of Students Expelled}{Cumulative Enrollment} \times 100$$

District-level Aggregation

Note: Due to school categorization, the numerator and denominator will vary. For example, Percent of Elementary Students Suspended = (Number of Elementary Students Suspended / Cumulative Elementary Student Enrollment) X 100.

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled

		1992-93 Percent Number		1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.79	46	6.23	47
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.25	2	3.04	25	1.75	15	3.65	29	3.85	29
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.69	154	17.75	126
	Suspended (Out of School)	8.22	68	7.26	56	12.16	99	4.71	39	7.29	57	7.18	51
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.12	1	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003008	Gonzales Primary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.38	36	4.51	36
	Suspended (Out of School)	5.41	38	3.71	25	3.35	24	3.55	27	2.68	22	3.38	27
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003012	Prairieville School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High
	Suspended (Out of School)	10.49	107	6.81	67	3.09	33	6.36	71	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.51	5	0.37	4	0.36	4	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High	Jr. High
003015	West Ascension Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.45	127	12.44	72
	Suspended (Out of School)	8.20	58	11.98	81	21.28	160	5.56	40	6.43	42	5.18	30
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003018	Galvez Primary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.13	34	3.09	24
	Suspended (Out of School)	2.26	22	0.40	4	1.66	17	2.33	25	2.07	17	1.16	9
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled

		1992-93		1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	umber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003020	Lake Primary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.30	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.52	4	0.26	2	0.53	4
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003023	Dutchtown Primary School		Г										
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.32	23	0.87	9
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.83	5	0.31	2	0.57	4	0.00	0	0.71	7	0.39	4
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003024	St. Amant Primary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Suspended (Out of School)	0.55	4	1.27	9	1.11	8	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.83	6
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
003026	Central Elementary School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.39	20	4.46	50
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.90	41	4.37	49
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
003027	Oak Grove Primary												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	3.46	22	1.76	12
	Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.04	13	1.17	8
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6a: Students Suspended and Expelled

	1992			3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District (Elementary Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	6.50	461	5.12	376
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	3.79	246	5.60	370	3.03	220	3.24	230	2.96	217
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.08	5	0.08	5	0.06	4	0.00	0	0.00	0
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.91	1,896	11.29	1,798
Suspended (Out of School)	12.09	1,609	6.66	971	8.74	1,302	8.27	1,297	8.87	1,412	8.46	1,348
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.35	46	0.34	50	0.52	78	0.30	47	0.28	44	0.23	37
State ¹ (Elementary Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	2.17	8,584	3.07	11,949
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	4.26	16,806	4.83	18,811
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.01	34	0.01	37
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.08	311	0.11	425
State ¹ (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled

Middle/Jr. High Schools

		1992	2-93			1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	Number
003004	Dutchtown Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.92	120	12.64	90
	Suspended (Out of School)	11.18	77	6.59	49	6.82	55	8.94	61	9.68	73	11.94	85
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.00	0	0.40	3	0.37	3	0.15	1	0.13	1	0.14	1
003006	Galvez Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	6.88	64	5.59	48
	Suspended (Out of School)	12.32	113	6.78	66	12.96	129	12.12	123	13.98	130	13.97	120
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.55	5	0.41	4	0.30	3	0.20	2	0.43	4	0.23	2
003007	Gonzales Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	14.85	127	10.68	82
	Suspended (Out of School)	12.32	128	7.59	81	12.93	150	7.82	92	17.08	146	17.06	131
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.38	4	0.56	6	1.03	12	0.25	3	0.23	2	0.52	4
003010	Lowery Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.81	165	21.92	153
	Suspended (Out of School)	39.07	245	20.27	118	25.50	153	9.80	60	20.49	142	26.79	187
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	2.23	14	1.72	10	4.83	29	1.47	9	0.72	5	0.57	4
003012	Prairieville School												
	Suspended (In School)	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem		Elem	Elem	Elem	15.40	79	11.11	56
	Suspended (Out of School)	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem		Elem	Elem	Elem	17.15	88	7.94	40
	Expelled (In School)	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem		Elem	Elem	Elem	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	Elem	0.00	0	0.00	0
003013	St. Amant Middle School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.05	121	14.77	136
	Suspended (Out of School)	11.98	104	2.18	19	6.03	57	7.55	66	10.25	95	13.57	125
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.12	1	0.23	2	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.33	3

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6b: Students Suspended and Expelled

Middle/Jr. High Schools

	1992-93		1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
	-				Percent 1						1	
District (Middle/Jr. High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.02	672	13.12	562
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	8.19	333	12.82	544	9.51	401	14.91	667	15.97	684
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.61	25	1.11	47	0.36	15	0.27	12	0.33	14
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.91	1,896	11.29	1,798
Suspended (Out of School)	12.09	1,609	6.66	971	8.74	1,302	8.27	1,297	8.87	1,412	8.46	1,348
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.35	46	0.34	50	0.52	78	0.30	47	0.28	44	0.23	37
State ¹ (Middle/Jr. High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	10.03	14,670	14.53	21,148
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.40	23,990	18.26	26,576
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.16	234	0.31	448
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.87	1,269	1.12	1,629
State ¹ (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	۲	۲	~	١	~	۲	~	۲	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	2	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	٠	~	~	~	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled

High Schools

		1992-93		1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1996	5-97	1997	-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	umber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number
003003	Donaldsonville High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.18	122	13.69	96
	Suspended (Out of School)	24.64	135	26.65	182	19.75	126	30.08	231	19.89	150	19.54	137
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	1.46	8	0.59	4	1.10	7	0.91	7	1.46	11	1.14	8
003005	East Ascension High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.66	264	14.33	238
	Suspended (Out of School)	20.34	277	4.93	75	3.89	61	8.54	139	9.73	164	7.34	122
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.59	8	0.33	5	0.32	5	0.00	0	0.47	8	0.06	1
003014	St. Amant High School												
	Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	18.11	379	24.27	529
	Suspended (Out of School)	13.09	226	6.89	135	10.15	201	15.18	306	9.84	206	8.72	190
	Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Expelled (Out of School)	0.35	6	0.56	11	0.71	14	1.04	21	0.62	13	0.64	14

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 6c: Students Suspended and Expelled

High Schools

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ²	1990	5-97	1997	7-98
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent 1	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District (High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	17.08	763	19.24	860
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	9.73	392	9.60	388	15.70	676	11.60	518	10.00	447
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	0.50	20	0.64	26	0.65	28	0.72	32	0.51	23
District (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.91	1,896	11.29	1,798
Suspended (Out of School)	12.09	1,609	6.66	971	8.74	1,302	8.27	1,297	8.87	1,412	8.46	1,348
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.00	0	0.00	0
Expelled (Out of School)	0.35	46	0.34	50	0.52	78	0.30	47	0.28	44	0.23	37
State ¹ (High Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	8.67	19,412	11.97	26,592
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.72	35,175	15.80	35,108
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.11	254	0.23	512
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.80	1,797	0.80	1,775
State ¹ (All Schools)												
Suspended (In School)	٠	~	~	1	~	۲	~	۲	5.55	44,040	7.76	61,311
Suspended (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	2	~	9.94	78,866	10.54	83,256
Expelled (In School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	2	~	0.07	542	0.13	1,014
Expelled (Out of School)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	0.44	3,454	0.49	3,901

¹ Because of reporting differences among districts, no state suspension or expulsion averages are shown prior to 1996-97.

² Effective with 1995-96 both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Part 4. Student Achievement

Reading Level Evaluation Results	4-1
Criterion-referenced Test (CRT) Results	4-7
Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results	4-15

The ability to read is essential to survive in our society. Many children learn to read quickly and efficiently once exposed to formal instruction. However, this is not an easy task for some children due to a variety of reasons. These children require high quality preschool and kindergarten programs and excellent primary instruction that emphasize language and literacy skills. Act 450 of the 1997 Legislative Session required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level within the first thirty days of school.

Organization

Tables 7a and 7b present Reading Level Evaluation Results for grades 2 and 3 respectively. These results present the number and percent of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels. This information is provided for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools listed in site code order. District and state results are presented for comparison purposes. Please use caution when comparing, as each district was permitted to select its own assessment instrument(s).

Definition

The following students were evaluated and included in the assessment results:

- All regular education students enrolled as of October 1, 1997;
- All special education students whose IEP designate that they are in a specially designed, regular instructional program;
- All Limited English Proficient (LEP) students who were enrolled in and completed at least two full consecutive academic years in an English-speaking school (including kindergarten);
- Students in alternative programs or placements who are addressing regular curriculum standards; and
- All disabled students according to Section 504.

Assessment Instruments

Each teacher used one of the following types of assessment instruments:

- Basal reading test
- Informal reading inventory
- Computerized reading inventory
- Other standardized tests, such as norm-referenced tests, criterionreferenced tests, etc.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present school-level count and percent of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels for grades 2 and 3.

Method of Calculation

The formula used to compute the percents of students reading below, on, and above their grade levels is presented on the following page.

Data Sources

The Reading Level data is based on district-reported data submitted to the Louisiana Department of Education, Division of School Standards, Accountability and Assistance.

Formula Used to Calculate Percent of Students Reading Below, On, and Above Their Grade Levels

Table 7a: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 2

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96	199	6-97	1997	7-98 ¹
	Percent	Number										
003001 Carver, G.W., Primary School					·						,	
Students Assessed		~		٧		~		٧		~		96
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	72.92	70
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.54	13
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.54	13
003002 Donaldsonville Elementary School					_						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		94
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	79.79	75
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	17.02	16
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	3.19	3
003008 Gonzales Primary School					F						_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		85
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	68.24	58
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.29	13
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.47	14
003015 West Ascension Elementary School					Г		i				F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		84
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	80.95	68
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	11.90	10
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	7.14	6
003018 Galvez Primary School					Г		,				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		125
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	52.80	66
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.00	35
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.20	24
003020 Lake Primary School	-				Г		,				F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		100
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	50.00	50
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.00	28
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	22.00	22

¹ Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

Table 7a: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 2

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	199	5-96	1990	6-97	1997	7-98 ¹
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003023 Dutchtown Primary School											,	
Students Assessed		~		?		?		~		?		168
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	52.98	89
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.21	39
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.81	40
003024 St. Amant Primary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		93
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	66.67	62
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.35	18
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	13.98	13
003026 Central Elementary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		109
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	42.20	46
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.27	21
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.53	42
003027 Oak Grove Primary											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		109
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	56.88	62
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	16.51	18
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.61	29
District												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		1,063
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	60.77	646
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.85	211
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.38	206
State (Public)					i				1		F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		58,692
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		25,518
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		21,767
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.44	11,407

¹ Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

Table 7b: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 3

	1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	1-95	1995	5-96	199	6-97	1997	7-98 ¹
	Percent	Number										
003001 Carver, G.W., Primary School											Ü	
Students Assessed		~		٧		~		٠		~		72
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	34.72	25
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.39	19
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	38.89	28
003002 Donaldsonville Elementary School					_		·				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		83
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	65.06	54
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.28	16
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	15.66	13
003008 Gonzales Primary School					,		r				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		96
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	39.58	38
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	29.17	28
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	31.25	30
003015 West Ascension Elementary School					г		r				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		85
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	65.88	56
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	21.18	18
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	12.94	11
003018 Galvez Primary School					г		r				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		127
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	48.82	62
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	32.28	41
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	18.90	24
003020 Lake Primary School					г		r				_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		107
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	34.58	37
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	28.04	30
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	37.38	40

¹ Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

Table 7b: Reading Level Evaluation Results - Grade 3

	199	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96	1990	6-97	1997	7-98 ¹
	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003023 Dutchtown Primary School											,	
Students Assessed		~		?		?		~		~		156
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	32.05	50
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	27.56	43
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	40.38	63
003024 St. Amant Primary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		112
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.07	46
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.21	26
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	35.71	40
003026 Central Elementary School											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		92
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	31.52	29
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	23.91	22
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	44.57	41
003027 Oak Grove Primary											_	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		86
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	29.07	25
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	27.91	24
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	43.02	37
District												
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		1,016
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	41.54	422
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	26.28	267
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	32.19	327
State (Public)					i		i				F	
Students Assessed		~		~		~		~		~		56,800
Students Reading Below Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		21,585
Students Reading On Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		23,989
Students Reading Above Their Grade Level	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	19.76	11,226

¹ Effective in 1997-98, the Louisiana Legislature required each second and third grade teacher to report the number of students reading below grade level. ~ = Unavailable data

Educational tests such as criterion-referenced tests (CRTs) are, in one form or another, tests of academic achievement based on a pre-stated set of standards.

The CRTs administered in this state are part of the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) and are administered in April of each year to public school students at specified grade levels. For the secondary level, the CRT is the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE).

These tests are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). The Progress Profiles Program reports scores for all students taking the tests. This reflects the same reporting format used by the LEAP.

In Louisiana, CRTs provide a measure of the extent to which students meet state-established, grade-level skill requirements in the following subject areas:

- Grades 3 and 5—Language Arts and Mathematics,
- Grade 7—Language Arts and Mathematics, and
- Secondary Level (GEE)—English Language Arts, Mathematics, Written Composition, Science, and Social Studies.

Organization

Tables 8a - 8c provide CRT Results for Grades 3, 5, and 7, respectively, while Table 8d provides GEE test results for first-time GEE test takers. The tables present CRT results for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools shown in school site code order. Also, comparison data are presented for the district and the state.

The tables reflect both the number of students taking the test and the percent of students who meet or exceed standards for the respective grade levels. Thus, the percent of students passing a specific test is the percent scoring at or above the performance standard that the state has set in that subject area.

Data Presentation: School Report Cards

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present school, district, and state percent passing rates by grade level and subject area.

Definition

Criterion-referenced tests (CRTs)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criteria; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.

Data Source

The CRT indicator is based on student-level data tapes provided to the LDE by National Computer Systems, test contractor for the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP).

Table 8a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ¹	1996	5-97	1997	'-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent \(\lambda \)	lumber	Percent 1	Vumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School												
	Language Arts	95	124	98	122	96	134	96	104	100	84	95	73
	Mathematics	96	123	95	122	97	133	96	105	98	82	96	73
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School												
	Language Arts	95	76	90	108	87	91	95	94	75	114	83	83
	Mathematics	95	76	93	108	79	90	89	94	85	114	87	83
003008	Gonzales Primary School												
	Language Arts	95	96	96	113	92	99	90	100	90	88	92	99
	Mathematics	93	96	95	113	92	99	91	101	90	86	89	99
003012	Prairieville School												
	Language Arts	96	89	94	88	96	94	95	77	~	~	~	~
	Mathematics	93	89	90	88	91	93	87	77	~	~	~	~
003015	West Ascension Elementary School												
	Language Arts	75	112	69	105	67	95	76	78	85	85	85	84
	Mathematics	80	107	74	104	69	95	82	76	88	84	76	83
003018	Galvez Primary School												
	Language Arts	99	160	100	125	96	175	92	191	98	122	98	123
	Mathematics	99	158	97	124	95	173	92	191	98	122	97	123
003020	Lake Primary School												
	Language Arts	98	111	100	123	98	110	95	99	95	97	96	109
	Mathematics	98	111	98	123	97	110	94	99	96	97	97	109
003023	Dutchtown Primary School												
	Language Arts	98	134	98	121	98	134	100	119	97	163	97	154
	Mathematics	98	134	100	119	100	134	97	120	98	162	95	154
003024	St. Amant Primary School												
	Language Arts	91	138	91	119	93	113	95	120	93	127	90	115
	Mathematics	87	138	88	118	94	112	90	120	93	127	83	113
003026	Central Elementary School												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	96	71	93	91
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	93	69	91	89
003027	Oak Grove Primary					1							
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	96	96	96	79
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	93	96	94	79

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 8a: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 3

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	199	5-96 ¹	199	6-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District													
	Language Arts	94	1,040	93	1,024	92	1,045	93	982	92	1,047	93	1,020
	Mathematics	94	1,032	92	1,019	92	1,039	91	983	93	1,039	90	1,015
State													
	Language Arts	91	56,847	91	57,518	90	55,985	90	58,218	91	56,926	90	56,711
	Mathematics	90	56,593	91	57,278	90	55,728	89	58,034	91	56,792	88	56,534

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	-95	1995	5-96 ¹	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent N	lumber	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	95	82	90	69
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	93	85	94	69
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School												
	Language Arts	99	69	85	94	88	75	87	107	76	104	72	85
	Mathematics	96	69	91	94	91	76	95	110	82	104	84	85
003004	Dutchtown Middle School												
	Language Arts	100	108	98	123	99	133	98	154	93	159	90	139
	Mathematics	100	108	98	123	100	132	95	154	93	159	91	138
003006	Galvez Middle School												
	Language Arts	99	202	98	228	97	207	94	204	89	164	94	184
	Mathematics	96	201	96	228	94	205	94	203	95	164	95	184
003007	Gonzales Middle School												
	Language Arts	95	201	92	218	86	211	84	261	~	~	~	~
	Mathematics	89	199	91	220	90	207	89	259	~	~	~	~
003008	Gonzales Primary School												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	87	102	89	89
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	93	102	88	89
003012	Prairieville School												
	Language Arts	92	89	84	94	90	89	87	100	89	107	88	94
	Mathematics	87	89	85	94	88	89	81	100	89	107	97	94
003013	St. Amant Middle School												
	Language Arts	99	165	97	178	95	209	96	137	91	131	83	117
	Mathematics	93	164	92	177	92	205	96	137	89	130	86	117
003015	West Ascension Elementary School												
	Language Arts	87	76	65	75	66	90	73	96	78	86	68	63
	Mathematics	82	76	79	75	69	91	76	95	80	88	81	62
003020	Lake Primary School												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	92	86	100	73	94	67
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	87	85	100	73	94	67
003026	Central Elementary School					,							
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	90	107	90	99
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	96	107	95	99

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8b: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 5

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	199	4-95	199	5-96 ¹	199	6-97	199'	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
District													
	Language Arts	96	910	91	1,010	91	1,014	89	1,145	89	1,115	85	1,033
	Mathematics	92	906	92	1,011	91	1,005	90	1,143	91	1,119	89	1,031
State													
	Language Arts	90	55,817	90	54,975	90	53,644	87	59,292	87	57,617	85	55,793
	Mathematics	90	55,725	91	54,885	91	53,564	89	59,183	89	57,637	88	55,716

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8c: Criterion-referenced Test (LEAP) Results - Grade 7

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96 ¹	1996	5-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003004	Dutchtown Middle School												
	Language Arts	98	93	97	134	99	116	94	145	92	167	89	166
	Mathematics	96	93	99	134	97	115	94	145	91	167	88	166
003006	Galvez Middle School												
	Language Arts	97	191	96	167	97	198	94	225	92	224	95	175
	Mathematics	93	190	95	168	97	199	91	222	89	221	90	175
003007	Gonzales Middle School												
	Language Arts	90	183	91	207	92	201	92	233	93	202	85	229
	Mathematics	87	181	85	208	87	203	92	230	87	200	82	230
003010	Lowery Middle School												
	Language Arts	75	171	75	135	79	141	78	157	75	175	70	213
	Mathematics	73	171	69	134	74	140	73	156	82	175	74	209
003012	Prairieville School												
	Language Arts	90	71	95	88	95	100	94	104	87	108	96	99
	Mathematics	90	67	97	88	83	100	87	104	78	109	91	98
003013	St. Amant Middle School												
	Language Arts	96	180	94	177	96	163	92	218	95	227	88	233
	Mathematics	87	181	91	177	91	157	85	218	93	226	84	224
003026	Central Elementary School												
	Language Arts	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	91	120
	Mathematics	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	71	120
District													
	Language Arts	91	889	92	908	93	919	91	1,090	89	1,116	86	1,235
	Mathematics	87	883	89	909	89	914	87	1,081	87	1,109	83	1,222
State													
	Language Arts	88	55,206	89	54,345	88	53,799	87	57,198	86	56,041	85	57,215
	Mathematics	83	55,018	83	54,272	82	53,599	79	56,798	80	55,823	79	57,055

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable. ~ = Unavailable Data

Table 8d: Graduate Exit Examination (GEE) Results

		1992	2-93	1993	3-94	1994	4-95	1995	5-96 ¹	199	6-97	1997	7-98
		Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
003003	Donaldsonville High School												
	Language Arts	91	118	83	121	85	157	80	136	74	117	89	131
	Mathematics	86	117	79	120	79	159	73	134	74	117	85	131
	Written Composition	99	113	88	119	94	154	93	134	95	114	93	130
	Science	76	95	86	117	85	105	61	148	71	116	82	109
	Social Studies	85	94	90	117	90	106	83	146	82	115	89	110
003005	East Ascension High School												
	Language Arts	97	269	94	284	94	306	92	291	87	337	89	295
	Mathematics	93	267	84	284	87	305	86	289	83	339	86	295
	Written Composition	95	261	94	269	97	298	93	292	94	337	97	292
	Science	93	249	93	260	89	264	83	304	86	266	89	313
	Social Studies	94	248	96	260	96	262	92	306	93	267	95	311
003014	St. Amant High School												
	Language Arts	95	388	96	362	96	417	93	419	89	408	93	416
	Mathematics	88	382	86	364	88	419	81	417	90	412	83	411
	Written Composition	94	383	99	361	99	415	96	420	98	399	98	411
	Science	91	332	94	356	93	342	85	401	86	383	90	385
	Social Studies	94	333	91	356	92	345	94	399	94	382	91	390
District													
	Language Arts	95	775	93	767	93	880	90	850	86	865	91	842
	Mathematics	89	766	84	768	86	883	82	844	85	871	85	837
	Written Composition	95	757	95	749	97	867	94	849	96	853	97	833
	Science	89	676	93	733	90	711	80	854	84	767	88	807
	Social Studies	93	675	92	753	93	713	91	852	92	766	92	811
State													
	Language Arts	91	41,775	89	41,673	88	43,743	86	- , -	84	45,342	87	46,128
	Mathematics	83	41,697	79	41,603	80	43,654	77	45,381	77	45,307	76	46,004
	Written Composition	91	40,947	90	40,806	95	42,663	93	44,283	93	43,983	95	44,944
	Science	86	35,820	90	37,264	85	36,977	82	39,927	82	40,423	84	40,021
	Social Studies	90	35,778	90	37,230	90	36,998	90	39,989	88	40,407	88	39,891

¹ Effective with 1995-96, both regular and special education students are included in the calculations; hence, prior years' data are not comparable.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

The Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP) utilizes norm-referenced tests (NRTs) for national student comparisons with Louisiana students. From 1988 to 1992, Louisiana's NRT was the *California Achievement Test (CAT)* Form F, and from 1993 to 1997, Louisiana's NRT was the CAT/5. In 1997, the Iowa Tests were adopted for first administration in the spring of 1998. At grades 4, 6, and 8, the *Iowa Tests of Basic Skills (ITBS)* were administered and at grades 9, 10, and 11, the *Iowa Tests of Educational Development (ITED)* were administered.

ITBS consists of thirteen tests in the subject areas of reading, language, mathematics, social studies, science, and sources of information. The Mathematics Computation test was administered only at grade 4; Mathematics Computation is not used to calculate the Math Total, Core Total, nor the Composite score. The *Iowa Tests of Basic Skills* Composite score is the average of the scores for Reading Total, Language Total, Mathematics Total, Social Studies, Science, and Sources of Information Total. The NRT data tables for grades 4, 6, and 8 in the *School Report Cards* and *District Composite Reports* are based on the Composite percentile rank of the average standard score.

ITED consists of seven tests: Vocabulary, Correctness and Appropriateness of Expression, Ability to Do Quantitative Thinking, Ability to Interpret Literacy Materials, Analysis of Social Studies Materials, Analysis of Science Materials, and Use of Sources of Information. The *Iowa Tests of Educational Development* Composite score is the average of the scores for the seven tests. The NRT data tables for grades 9, 10, and 11 in the *School Report Cards* and *District Composite Reports* are based on the Composite percentile rank of the average standard score.

These test are administered to all students with the exception of special education students whose educational program is Alternative to Regular Placement (ARP). Scores are reported for all students not requiring accommodations to the standardization administration procedures.

Organization

Tables 9a to 9f present 1997-98 NRT results for grades 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 11, respectively. Test results are presented for all schools in the district receiving a *School Report Card*, with schools listed in site code order. District, state, and national results are presented for comparison purposes.

Data are grouped as follows:

- Quartile 4--the percent of students who scored in the top 25% of students in the national norm group. If 32 of 100 students scored this high, Quartile 4 would read 32 percent.
- *Quartile 3*--the percent of students who scored between the 50th and the 74th national percentiles.
- *Quartile 2--* the percent of students who scored between the 25th and 49th national percentiles.
- *Quartile 1*--the percent of students who scored between the 1st and 24th national percentiles.
- Percentile Rank of the Average Standard Score for the National Student Norms-- percentile rank of the average student in the school, district, or state. For example, a percentile rank of 48 for a school means that 48 percent of the students in the norm group scored at or below the average score obtained by the students in the school.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The 1997-98 School Report Cards present percentile rank of the average standard score for the national student norms at the school, district, and state levels.

Definition

Norm-referenced tests (NRTs)-- These tests produce scores that tell how schools/individuals perform in comparison with other schools/individuals; LEAP NRT results (as reported by the *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.

Data Source

The NRT indicator is based on student-level data provided to the Louisiana Department of Education by Riverside Publishing, test contractor for The Iowa Tests.

Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003001	Carver, G.W., Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.8
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
003002	Donaldsonville Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	2.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	10.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	39.2
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	47.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	28.0
003008	Gonzales Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	47.0
003015	West Ascension Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	0.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	9.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	58.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	21.0
003018	Galvez Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.4
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	10.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003020	Lake Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	14.8
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.2
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
003023	Dutchtown Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	14.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	52.0
003024	St. Amant Primary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	46.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
003026	Central Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	49.0
003027	Oak Grove Primary						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	41.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	4.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	64.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9a: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 4

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	47.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	42.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003004	Dutchtown Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.2
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	55.0
003006	Galvez Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	47.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0
003007	Gonzales Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	48.0
003010	Lowery Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	2.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	8.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.4
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	60.8
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	23.0
003012	Prairieville School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	59.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9b: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 6

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003013	St. Amant Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.4
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	51.0
003026	Central Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	55.0
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	48.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.5
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003004	Dutchtown Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.5
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	38.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	7.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	52.0
003006	Galvez Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.9
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	12.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0
003007	Gonzales Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	27.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.7
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	49.0
003010	Lowery Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	2.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	11.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.2
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	59.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	24.0
003012	Prairieville School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.1
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	13.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	58.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9c: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 8

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003013	St. Amant Middle School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	2	~	20.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	35.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	9.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	56.0
003026	Central Elementary School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9d: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 9

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003003	Donaldsonville High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	5.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.5
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.1
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	45.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	30.0
003005	East Ascension High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.3
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	36.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.4
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.2
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
003014	St. Amant High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.2
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	53.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9d: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 9

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.9
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.9
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.4
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	49.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	16.4
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	43.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9e: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003003	Donaldsonville High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	8.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.8
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	37.5
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	37.0
003005	East Ascension High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	32.5
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	18.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	53.0
003014	St. Amant High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	31.1
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	52.0

¹ In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9e: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 10

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	17.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	24.2
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.6
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	44.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9f: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
003003	Donaldsonville High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	2.2
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	8.6
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	33.3
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	55.9
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
003005	East Ascension High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	21.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	34.5
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.2
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	15.7
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	54.0
003014	St. Amant High School						
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.8
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	30.3
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	52.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Table 9f: Norm-referenced Test (NRT) Results - Grade 11

		1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98 ¹
District							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	20.7
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.7
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	26.9
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	23.6
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	48.0
State							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	19.6
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	22.8
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	29.5
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	28.1
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	45.0
Nation							
	Fourth Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Third Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Second Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	First Quartile	~	~	~	~	~	25.0
	Percentile Rank	~	~	~	~	~	50.0

In 1997-98, the state NRT changed from the CAT/5 to The Iowa Tests; hence, prior years' data are not presented.

^{~ =} Unavailable Data

Part 5. College Readiness

American College Test (ACT) Results	5-1
First-Time Freshmen Performance	5-3

Scores on the American College Test (ACT) are widely used as an indicator of student preparedness for college. Most Louisiana public colleges and universities require that entering students take the ACT for admissions or placement purposes.

Organization

Table 10, American College Test (ACT) Results, presents average composite scores for graduating seniors for each school in the district receiving a *School Report Card*. Schools are shown in school site code order. Comparison data are presented for the district (public schools only), the state (public and nonpublic schools combined), and the nation (public and nonpublic schools combined).

The ACT results shown include test scores for 1) twelfth graders who took the test in the current year and 2) twelfth graders who took the test as eleventh graders and elected not to retake it as seniors. If a student took the test in both the eleventh and twelfth grades, only the twelfth grade score has been included.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

A college readiness indicator that includes ACT information is presented on the 1997-98 School Report Cards of those schools that have a twelfth grade. The School Report Cards present 1997-98 average ACT composite scores at the school, district, state, and national levels.

Method of Calculation

The ACT composite score is an average score based on the scores for the four ACT assessment tests (English, mathematics, reading, and science reasoning). The composite score, which ranges from 1 to 36, is a measure of the student's general educational development across these four subject areas.

Data Source

The ACT indicator is based on student-level data supplied to the LDE by the testing contractor, American College Testing.

References

Franklin, B.J., and Crone, L.J., (1993, April). *Louisiana Progress Profiles*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Educational Research Association, Atlanta, Ga.

LDE researchers have found the ACT performance of Louisiana students correlates highly with their performance on LEAP (CRT and NRT) tests. Further, those districts with the highest percentage of students taking the ACT have the highest ACT scores. This finding tends to dispute a widelyheld assumption that the higher the percentage of students taking the ACT, the lower the average score (Franklin and Crone, 1993).

Table 10: American College Test (ACT) Results

Average Composite Scores

	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
003003 Donaldsonville High School	17.2	18.0	16.8	16.8	16.1	18.0
003005 East Ascension High School	19.6	20.1	19.3	19.7	19.6	20.8
003014 St. Amant High School	19.6	19.7	19.5	19.6	19.9	19.7
District (Public)	19.3	19.6	19.0	19.2	19.2	19.8
State (Public and Nonpublic)	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.4	19.5
Nation (Public and Nonpublic)	20.7	20.8	20.8	20.9	21.0	21.0

The number of freshmen who enroll in remedial courses during their first semester of college is one measure of the extent to which high school graduates are prepared for college.

Since 1987, the Louisiana Board of Regents has collected and reported information on the number of Louisiana high school graduates who enroll in Louisiana colleges and universities the following fall and enroll in remedial/developmental courses. The 1993 Legislature, believing that parents should have access to this information, enacted legislation mandating that this first-time college freshmen data be incorporated into the *Progress Profiles*.

Organization

Table 11, First-time College Freshmen Performance, presents the number and percent of students who 1) graduated from *Report Card* schools and 2) enrolled as first-time freshmen during the following fall semester at any of the state's two- and four-year public and private universities. The table also reports the number and percent of first-time college freshmen who were enrolled in at least one remedial course during their first regular semester of college study.

Data Presentation: School Report Card

The college readiness indicator that includes first-time college freshmen information is presented on the 1997-98 School Report Cards of schools that have a twelfth grade.

Note: The first-time college freshmen data reported on 1997-98 School Report Cards represent information on 1996-97 high school graduates.

Definitions

• First-time college freshman—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours of credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.

Formula Used to Calculate First-time College Freshmen Percentages

Percent of High School Graduates Who
Were First-time College Freshmen = Number of First-time College Freshmen

Total Number of High School Graduates X 100

Percent of First-time College Freshmen
Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course | Who Enrolled in a Remedial Course |
Total Number of First-time College Freshmen |
Total Number of First-time College | X 100

- *Graduate*—a student who successfully completes a BESE-approved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.
- Remedial course—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are enrolled part time or full time) but do not carry degree credit.

Method of Calculation

The two formulas used in calculating the first-time college freshmen indicator are presented on the preceding page. The percent of high school graduates who become first-time college freshmen is calculated for public school graduates who attend in-state public colleges and universities.

Data Sources

The first-time college freshmen indicator is based on data submitted to the LDE by Louisiana public and private universities to LDE in compliance with La. R.S. 17:3912 (since repealed).

Table 11 First-time College Freshmen Performance

	1992-93		1993-94		1994-95		1995-96		1996-97		1997-98	
	Percent	Number										
003003 Donaldsonville High School							_					
Number of High School Graduates ¹		116		103		106		124		142		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	28.45	33	33.01	34	31.13	33	34.68	43	23.94	34	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	63.64	21	64.71	22	57.58	19	72.09	31	70.59	24	~	~
003005 East Ascension High School					_							
Number of High School Graduates ¹		230		259		246		268		293		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	40.00	92	41.31	107	37.40	92	39.18	105	36.18	106	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses		39	45.79	49	27.17	25	37.14	39	26.42	28	~	~
003014 St. Amant High School							_					
Number of High School Graduates ¹		283		285		329		371		389		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	35.69	101	35.79	102	30.70	101	30.73	114	27.76	108	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	51.49	52	48.04	49	38.61	39	38.60	44	39.81	43	~	~
District (Public)					_							
Number of High School Graduates ¹		629		647		681		763		824		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	35.93	226	37.56	243	33.19	226	34.34	262	30.09	248	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	49.56	112	49.38	120	36.73	83	43.51	114	38.30	95	~	~
State (Public)							_					
Number of High School Graduates ¹		33,593		33,772		34,937		36,275		36,407		~
HS Graduates Who Were First-time College Freshmen	38.66	12,986	44.15	14,912	40.30	14,079	40.27	14,608	37.62	13,697	~	~
First-time Freshmen Enrolled in College Remedial Courses	53.70	6,973	55.00	8,201	47.77	6,726	48.64	7,106	49.93	6,839	~	~

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Represents graduates from the previous school year. \sim = Unavailable data

- aggregate days attendance—the sum of the total number of days that students are *present* at the school site over the course of the school year.
- aggregate days membership—the sum of the total number of days that students are *enrolled* (but not necessarily *present* at the school site) over the course of the school year.
- class—a grouping of children under the primary supervision and instruction of an individual teacher for all or part of the instructional day, as reported for purposes of the *Annual School Report* (ASR) and identifiable by a specific ASR course code.
- combination school category—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-12 range and is not described by any of the other school category definitions. These schools generally contain some grades in the K-6 range and grades in the 9-12 range. Examples would include grade configurations such as K-12, K-3, 9-12, 4-6, and 9-12.
- criterion-referenced test (CRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in achieving an established criterion; LEAP CRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show the number and percent of Louisiana students who meet or exceed state curriculum content standards.
- cumulative enrollment—the sum of all students enrolled in a school or district for at least one school day during the course of the school year, used as the denominator for calculating school- and district-level suspension and expulsion percents.
- day of attendance—a student is considered in attendance when he or she 1) is physically present at a school site or is participating in an authorized school activity and 2) is under the supervision of authorized personnel. This definition extends to students who are homebound, assigned to and participating in drug rehabilitation programs that contain a state-approved education component, or participating in school-authorized field trips.
 - "Students who meet the above criteria and are present at the school site for 26-50% of the student's instructional day shall be credited with a half day's attendance. Those who meet the above

- criteria and are present for at least 51% of the student's instructional day are credited with a whole day's attendance. Students who are not physically present or who are participating for 25% or less of their instructional day will be considered absent for reporting purposes. Absences, whether excused or unexcused, shall be counted as an absence for reporting to the Department." (Bulletin 741)
- dropout—the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) defines a dropout as "an individual who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year, was not enrolled at the beginning of the current school year, has not graduated from high school or completed an approved educational program, and does not meet any of the following exclusive conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program; temporary absence due to suspension or school-approved illness; or death."
 - "For purposes of applying the dropout definition, the following definitions also apply:
 - 1. A school year is defined as the 12-month period of time beginning October 1 and ending September 30.
 - 2. An individual has graduated from high school or completed a state- or district-approved education program upon receipt of formal recognition from school authorities.
 - 3. A state or district approved program is one that leads to receipt of formal recognition from school authorities. It may include special education programs, home-based instruction, and school-sponsored secondary (but *NOT* adult) programs leading to a GED or some other certification differing from the regular diploma" (NCES, 1993).
- *elementary school category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the K-8 range, excludes grades in the 9-12 range, and does not fit the definition for middle/junior high.
- faculty—school-based instructional personnel. In addition to full-time classroom teachers, these individuals include principals, assistant

- principals, guidance counselors, librarians, and other instructional staff (provided they teach at least one course).
- first-time college freshman—a student who graduates from high school during a given school year and is enrolled full time in a Louisiana higher education institution the following fall semester. A student must begin the fall semester with fewer than 12 hours credit previously attempted (not including advanced placement credits and correspondence study) to be considered a first-time freshman.
- graduate—a student who successfully completes a BESE-approved education program, passes the Graduation Exit Examination (GEE), and thus earns a state-approved diploma. Students who earn GEDs are not included.
- *high school category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 6-12 range and includes grades in the 10-12 range, or any school that contains only grade 9.
- *in-school expulsion*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a period of time specified by the LEA and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- *in-school suspension*—student is temporarily removed from his/her usual classroom placement to an alternative setting for a minimum of one complete school day and no interruption of instructional services occurs.
- Percentile rank of average standard scores for national student norms—percentile rank of the average student in the school, district, or state. For example, a percentile rank of 48 for a school means that 48 percent of the students in the norm group scored at or below the average score obtained by the students in the school.
- *middle/junior high category*—any school whose grade structure falls within the 4-9 range, includes grades 7 or 8 and excludes grades in the K-3 and 10-12 ranges.

- norm-referenced test (NRT)—tests that produce a score that tells how individuals/schools perform in comparison with other individuals/schools; LEAP NRT results (as reported by *Progress Profiles*) show how Louisiana schools perform when compared with the district, state, and nation.
- October 1 membership—total number of students enrolled in a school on October 1, which is operationally defined by NCES as the first day of the academic school year.
- *out-of-school expulsion*—removal (exit) of a student from school for a determined number of days with no provision of instructional services.
- out-of-school suspension—student is temporarily prohibited from participation in his/her usual placement within school with no provision of instructional service; only suspensions resulting in removal for at least one full day are included.
- percent of student attendance—the ratio of aggregate days student attendance to aggregate days membership.
- remedial course—a course designed by a university to prepare students to succeed academically in college-level courses. Remedial/developmental courses may be offered for college credit (i.e., they are taken into consideration in determining whether students are part-time or full-time) but do not carry degree credit.